



# SOCIAL PROFILE OF THE CATHOLIC COMMUNITY IN AUSTRALIA

BASED ON THE 2016 AUSTRALIAN CENSUS



Date of report: March 2019

Report prepared by: National Centre for Pastoral Research

Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

GPO Box 368

Canberra ACT 2601

Australia

Telephone: +61 (02) 6201 9812

Email: ncpr@catholic.org.au

Web: www.ncpr.catholic.org.au

## IMPORTANT COPYRIGHT INFORMATION

Most statistics in this profile have been derived by the National Centre for Pastoral Research of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference from customised Census tables purchased from the Australian Bureau of Statistics as part of the National Catholic Census Project 1991-2016.

All Census data is copyright © Commonwealth of Australia.

You are free to reproduce this document or any part of it. If any tables, graphs or individual items of data are extracted from this document for use in reports or presentations or in any other way, please attribute the source of the material as follows:

'This material was prepared by the National Centre for Pastoral Research of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference from Census data obtained from the Australian Bureau of Statistics.' A shorter form is also acceptable: 'Prepared by the ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research from ABS data.'





# SOCIAL PROFILE OF THE CATHOLIC COMMUNITY IN AUSTRALIA

BASED ON THE 2016 AUSTRALIAN CENSUS



March 2019

Dear readers,

The Australian Catholic Bishops Conference is pleased to make available to you this profile of the Catholic population of Australia.

I hope that you will find it to be a valuable tool in helping you understand the contemporary Australian Catholic community and assess its needs.

The data in this profile has been sourced from the Australian Census, which is carried out every five years by the Australian Bureau of Statistics. Most of the data comes from the 2016 Census, but some comparisons are provided with 2011 and earlier years.

It is important to note that the data in this profile applies to all those who identified themselves as Catholic in the Census. Census data informs us about a population's demographic characteristics, but not about their religious practice.

This social profile and the companion versions of it, produced for every Catholic parish and diocese in Australia, are an outcome of the National Catholic Census Project established by the Bishops Conference at the time of the 1991 Census. This project is managed by the ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research. The Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research is most grateful to the Centre's staff for the work that they do in providing demographic resources for parishes and dioceses, including this social profile.

This profile is provided to you free of charge by the Bishops Conference. I trust that you find it informative, useful and thought-provoking.

Yours sincerely,

(Professor) Gabrielle McMullen AM

Chair, Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research

Gabrielle M' Mallen

# **Australian Social Profile**

## At a glance (Pages 2-3)

Provides a brief glance at some key demographic indicators.

Snapshot of the Catholic Community in Australia	2
What has changed since 1996?	3

Page

## Overview (Pages 4-7)

An overview of the Catholic community and how it is changing.

Overview Tables	Page
1. Population	4
2. Disability	4
3. Occupation & Employment	5
4. Birthplace, Indigenous Status & Language	5
5. Education	6
6. Marital Status	7
7. Families	7
8. Households	7

## **Details (Pages 8-25)**

A more detailed look at Catholics across Australia for deeper analysis and planning.

Detail Topics	Page
Religious Affiliation	9
Age and Sex	10
Disability	12
Marital Status	13
Families	14
Households	16
Birthplace	17
Language	18
Attendance at Educational Institutions	20
Educational Qualifications	22
Employment	23
Occupation	24



**Pastoral planning** is the process of a Catholic community organising itself to carry out the mission of the Church in its own locality. It is a process built upon a community's knowledge in three areas:

- Knowing its vision its aspiration for itself.
- Knowing what sort of people make up the Catholic community and the general community.
- Knowing the resources (strengths, gifts and circumstances) available to the community to realise the vision.

This Australian Social Profile has been developed as a resource for pastoral planning, and it focuses on the second and third areas of knowledge.

The Church strongly encourages pastoral planning. As Pope John Paul II said:

"I earnestly exhort the Pastors of the particular Churches, with the help of all sectors of God's People, confidently to plan the stages of the journey ahead, harmonising the choices of each diocesan community with those of neighbouring Churches and of the universal Church ... It is not a matter of inventing a 'new program'. The program already exists: it is the plan found in the Gospel and in the living Tradition." Novo Millennio Ineunte #29

## A SNAPSHOT OF THE CATHOLIC COMMUNITY IN AUSTRALIA (2016)

Total Population: 23,401,892

Catholic Population: 5,291,834

Catholics make up 22.6 per cent of the total population

Median age of Catholics is 40 years

Total Catholic families: 1,997,833

461,183 Catholics live alone

1,304,993 Catholics were born overseas

136,360 Catholics do not speak English well

305,823 Catholics need assistance with core activities

1,648,241 Catholics have changed address since 2011



# What has changed since 1996?

This chart will help you identify at a glance changes in some of the key indicators for Catholics in Australia between 1996 and 2016, and may alert you to possible trends that are occurring. Figures are drawn from the Australian Overview tables on pages 4-7. All figures in this table refer to Catholics only. The term "Catholic" in this report refers to all persons who identified themselves as Catholics in the Census, not only those who have some form of active association with the Church.

## **RANDOMISATION OF CENSUS DATA**

The Catholic population may be slightly different in different tables in this profile as a result of the randomisation procedure used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics in carrying out its statutory obligation to protect the confidentiality of individuals. This variation in figures does not impair the value of Census data as the Census is intended to be an instrument that paints a broad picture rather than a precise measurement of a particular locality. Care should always be taken in interpreting small counts in tables.

	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Catholic population	4,799,090	5,001,624	5,126,862	5,439,267	5,291,834
Catholics aged 0-14 (%)	23.0	22.3	21.1	20.5	19.8
Catholics aged 65+ (%)	10.9	12.0	13.2	14.1	16.6
Catholics born in non-English- speaking countries (%)	18.9	17.9	17.6	17.9	19.1
Catholics not proficient in English (%)	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.6
Catholic families	1,669,789	1,796,836	1,893,776	2,019,556	1,997,833
Catholics living alone	346,322	408,896	438,307	470,613	461,183
Catholic students attending Catholic schools (%)	52.7	51.8	52.3	52.8	53.7
Catholics with a university degree (%)	9.7	12.2	15.0	17.6	20.6
Catholic males in labour force (%)	71.4	62.8	69.4	69.6	69.7
Catholic females in labour force (%)	54.0	52.3	56.7	58.5	60.6
Catholic households owning or purchasing dwelling (%)	69.4	70.1	72.0	71.4	71.2





## **Table 1: Population** (for more details on Population and Religion see page 9)

The Australian Profile begins by looking at the total population in Australia, and the percentage who identified as Catholic. Except where clearly marked otherwise, the figures in this report refer only to those people who identified themselves as Catholic in the Census. In Tables 1 to 8, a comparison is given with the total population for 2016.

			Catholics			All persons
ole 1: Population <sup>1</sup>	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016
Total population <sup>2</sup>	17,752,089	18,767,249	19,855,287	21,507,719	23,401,892	23,401,892
Catholic population	4,799,090	5,001,624	5,126,862	5,439,267	5,291,834	-
Per cent Catholic	27.0	26.6	25.8	25.3	22.6	-
At same address since previous Census (%)	51.3	52.5	55.6	57.5	57.3	49.2
Median age <sup>3</sup> (years)	33	34	37	38	40	38
Aged 0-14 (%)	23.0	22.3	21.1	20.5	19.8	18.7
Aged 65+ (%)	10.9	12.0	13.2	14.1	16.6	15.7
Males per 100 females	94.6	93.5	92.4	92.1	90.6	97.4

### Notes:

- 1. All figures refer to Catholics only, except for Total Population and certain other clearly-indicated figures.
- Population figures do not include overseas visitors.
- Median Age: Half of the Catholic population are above this age, half are below it.

## Table 2: Disability (for more detail on Disability and Carers see page 12)

Table 2 shows the percentage of Catholics who are disabled to the extent that they require assistance for some core activities (i.e. they need help or assistance with self-care, communication or mobility). It also shows the percentage of Catholics who provide unpaid assistance to a person with some form of disability.

	Catholics					All persons
Table 2: Disability	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016
Need assistance with core activities (%)	na <sup>1</sup>	na <sup>1</sup>	4.3	4.9	5.8	5.1
Provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability <sup>2</sup> (% of Catholics aged 15+)	na <sup>1</sup>	na <sup>1</sup>	10.8	11.7	10.0	9.2

- 1. The 2006 Census was the first time questions on disability and provision of unpaid assistance to people with disabilities was asked, so there is no comparable data for 1996 and 2001.
- 2. The Census asked whether a person had provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability in the two weeks prior to the Census.





Table 3: Employment (for more detail on Occupation and Employment see pages 23-25)

The extent to which people are involved in the workforce and the type of work they are doing influences and shapes many aspects of the community's life.

		Catholics			All pers		
Table 3: Occupation & Employment	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016	
Managers and Professionals <sup>1</sup> (% of those recording an occupation)	na²	na <sup>2</sup>	32.1	33.0	34.1	35.8	
Workers in 'blue collar' occupations <sup>3</sup> (% of those recording an occupation)	31.8	29.7	31.7	30.6	29.6	29.8	
Men, employed or seeking work <sup>4</sup> (%)	67.2	62.8	69.4	69.6	69.7	64.8	
Women, employed or seeking work <sup>4</sup> (%)	51.7	52.3	56.7	58.5	60.6	55.9	
Unemployed at time of Census <sup>5</sup> (%)	8.7	7.2	4.8	5.0	5.8	6.9	
Youth unemployed at time of Census <sup>6</sup> (%)	13.7	12.1	8.8	10.2	12.2	14.9	

### Notes:

- Managers and Professionals include, for example, farmers and farm managers, sales, marketing and production managers, education and health service managers, retail managers, school principals and school teachers, medical practitioners, nurses, scientists, arts and media professionals, accountants, engineers and IT professionals
- Due to a change in the Classification of Occupations used by ABS, no directly comparable data from the 1996 and 2001 Censuses is available for Managers and Professionals.
- Blue collar workers include, for example, toolmakers, technicians, electricians, carpenters, plumbers, bakers and chefs, veterinary nurses, hairdressers, machinery
  operators, drivers, cleaners and labourers.
- 4. The percentage of Catholics aged 15+ who are in the labour force (i.e. employed or seeking employment).
- 5. The percentage of Catholics aged 15+ who are in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.
- 6. The percentage of Catholics aged 15-24 who are in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.

## Table 4: Birthplace and Language (for more detail on Birthplace and Language see pages 17-19).

This table begins to explore the ethnic balance of Australia's Catholic community, which may raise issues of communication and inclusiveness.

	Catholics					All persons
Table 4: Birthplace, Indigenous Status & Language	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016
Born overseas in English-speaking country <sup>1</sup> (%)	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.7	5.6	8.4
Born overseas in non-English speaking country (%)	18.9	17.9	17.6	17.9	19.1	17.8
Immigrants from non-English speaking countries arriving in Census year or previous 3 years	57,792	57,514	69,463	98,723	106,428	736,478
Indigenous Australians	81,265	94,556	101,113	124,610	133,528	649,169
Speak language other than English at home (%)	20.2	19.2	18.6	19.0	20.4	20.8
Not proficient in English <sup>2</sup> (%)	3.3	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.6	3.5

- 1. English-speaking countries refer to New Zealand, United Kingdom, Ireland, United States, Canada and South Africa.
- 2. Percentage of all population who reported that they spoke English not well, or not at all.





Table 5: Education (for more detail on Education and Qualifications see pages 20-22)

Catholic schools are a very important part of the education sector in Australia. This table is primarily devoted to the educational participation of young Catholics and to the percentage of non-Catholics in Catholic schools.

			Catholics			All persons
Table 5: Education (%)	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016
Aged 15+ with bachelor degree or higher qualification	9.7	12.2	15.0	17.6	20.6	22.0
Aged 15-17 attending an educational institution	83.0	85.8	83.9	87.2	92.2	87.0
Aged 18-19 attending an educational institution	52.1	56.0	54.4	57.8	62.9	58.3
Aged 20-24 attending an educational institution	26.2	31.4	31.6	34.3	38.2	38.9
Catholic primary students attending Catholic schools	52.9	51.7	52.3	52.8	53.1	-
Catholic primary students at Government schools	44.5	44.6	42.6	41.2	41.0	-
Catholic secondary students attending Catholic schools	52.5	52.0	52.3	52.8	54.5	-
Catholic secondary students attending Government schools	42.3	40.9	38.8	37.2	35.1	-
Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic <sup>1</sup>	17.0	18.8	21.6	24.1	28.1	-
Secondary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic <sup>1</sup>	22.5	26.3	28.0	31.5	35.7	-

<sup>1. &#</sup>x27;Students . . . who are not Catholic' includes a small proportion whose religion was not stated in the Census. Some of these may be Catholic.



## Tables 6, 7 & 8: Marital Status, Families & Households (for more detail see pages 13-16)

In 2016, 82 per cent of Australia's Catholics lived in a family setting, with a further nine per cent living alone. The most common type of Catholic family was a couple family with children (45 per cent of all families where at least one person was a Catholic), followed by couple families without children (35%) and one-parent families (parent Catholic, 12%).

		Catholics				
Table 6: Marital Status (of people aged 15+)	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016
Never married (%)	31.8	32.1	33.1	33.9	33.3	35.0
Married (%)	53.3	51.8	50.6	49.6	49.7	48.1
Divorced or Separated (%)	8.9	10.0	10.5	10.8	11.2	11.7
Widowed (%)	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.7	5.8	5.2

Table 7: Families <sup>1</sup>	Catholic	All persons				
in which at least one person is Catholic	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016
Families	1,669,789	1,797,916	1,893,776	2,019,556	1,997,833	6,070,313
One-parent families	182,363	205,367	220,616	239,340	231,370	959,543
One-parent families (%)	10.9	11.4	11.6	11.9	11.6	15.8
Couples of mixed religion <sup>2</sup> (%)	52.9	55.1	56.7	55.1	55.9	-
De facto couples (%)	10.1	12.2	14.8	16.2	17.7	18.1
Median annual family income <sup>3</sup> (\$)	43,319	53,558	67,338	86,401	100,270	91,662

## Notes:

- 1. A family is defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household. Family members who live elsewhere are not included in the Census definition.
- Couples of mixed religion refers to married or de facto couples where only one partner is Catholic as a percentage of all couples where at least one partner is Catholic.
- 3. Fifty per cent of families have a higher income, fifty per cent of families have a lower income. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over

		All persons				
Table 8: Households¹ in which at least one person is Catholic	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016	2016
Households	2,131,263	2,372,747	2,424,008	2,594,239	2,548,354	8,861,623
Persons living alone aged under 35	-	78,414	70,792	68,455	53,499	301,804
Persons living alone aged 35 and over	-	330,572	367,515	402,158	407,684	1,721,739
Persons living alone total	346,322	408,896	438,307	470,613	461,183	2,023,543
Persons living alone (% of all persons)	7.2	8.2	8.5	8.7	8.7	8.6
Dwellings owned or being purchased (%)	69.4	70.1	72.0	71.4	71.2	65.5
Median monthly housing loan repayment <sup>2</sup> (\$)	817	949	1,385	1,861	1,873	1,825

- 1. A household can consist of one or more families, non-family groups or persons living alone.
- 2. Fifty per cent of households with a housing loan pay a higher repayment, fifty per cent a lower figure.



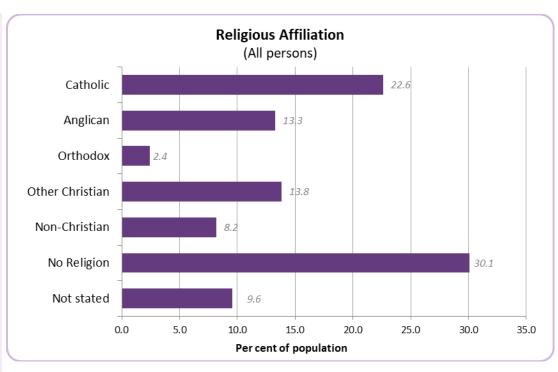
# **Details**

# **CONTENTS OF THE DETAILED PROFILE**

Tables	Page
9: Religious affiliation by age	9
10: Age by sex	10
11a: Need for assistance and provision of unpaid assistance by age	12
11b: Provision of unpaid assistance by age	12
12: Registered marital status by sex and age	13
13: Religious affiliation of couple by social marital status	13
14: Family composition by weekly family income	14
15: Weekly family income by number of dependent children	<b>1</b> 5
16: Social marital status by number of dependent children	15
17: Household composition by tenure type	16
18: Household composition by monthly housing loan repayment	
19: Birthplace	17
20: Language spoken at home by religious affiliation	
21: Language spoken at home by age	19
22: Type of educational institution attending by religious affiliation	20
23: Type of educational institution attending by weekly income of student's family	21
24: Highest qualification attained by age and sex	22
25: Labour force status by age and sex	23
26: Occupation by age and sex	24
27: Occupation by religious affiliation	25
Graphs	Page
Religious affiliation	g
Age profile	11
Age-sex profile	11
Core need for assistance and provision of unpaid assistance by age	12
Change of address since 2011 by marital status	
Weekly family income	15
Top 5 birthplaces of Catholics born overseas	17
Top 5 birthplaces with highest proportions of recent arrivals	17
Language background of students attending Catholic schools	20
Education participation rate	20
Type of school being attended by Catholic students	21
Labour force status by age	23
Occupation	25

# **Religious Affiliation**

The Census question about religion is optional, and just under 10 per cent of people across Australia chose not to answer it. Note that the question is religious about their identification rather than religious practice or belief. For the 2016 Census, the ABS moved the 'No Religion' response category to be the first response category in the religion question. Prior to 2016, it was the last response category.



Notes: No Religion also includes Secular Beliefs and Other Spiritual Beliefs and No Religious Affiliation. Not Stated also includes Inadequately Described.

Table 9: Religious										
affiliation by age	0-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80+	Total
Western Catholic	667,058	710,353	611,290	651,319	726,021	701,220	563,376	371,153	229,748	5,231,538
Maronite Catholic	6,082	5,704	5,147	5,431	5,111	3,927	2,663	1,600	787	36,452
Melkite Catholic	325	361	375	319	293	353	303	157	91	2,577
Ukrainian Catholic	239	240	241	281	296	380	674	249	305	2,905
Chaldean Catholic	1,876	1,810	1,668	1,357	1,317	1,033	610	268	95	10,034
Syro-Malabar Catholic	2,511	1,321	455	1,959	1,588	366	118	25	3	8,346
<b>Total Catholics</b>	678,091	719,789	619,176	660,666	734,626	707,279	567,744	373,452	231,029	5,291,852
Per cent Catholic (of total population in										
age group)	22.9	25.5	19.2	20.2	23.2	23.8	22.8	24.2	24.4	22.6
Anglican	251,065	308,627	230,780	285,008	433,776	491,147	499,675	365,417	235,686	3,101,181
Orthodox	64,245	68,686	58,187	68,216	92,708	73,923	57,070	52,211	32,431	567,677
Other Christian	334,107	366,337	323,567	359,161	417,623	473,525	455,986	311,820	198,782	3,240,908
Non-Christian	297,783	215,050	355,600	427,432	250,932	181,606	120,597	48,284	23,558	1,920,842
No Religion	1,080,524	908,029	1,306,027	1,138,139	939,660	769,068	548,389	238,463	112,423	7,040,722
Not stated	261,622	232,263	338,058	326,912	295,399	281,346	238,939	150,722	113,481	2,238,742
<b>Total Population</b>	2,967,437	2,818,781	3,231,395	3,265,534	3,164,724	2,977,894	2,488,400	1,540,369	947,390	23,401,924

Note: Since the 1996 Census, following consultation with the Eastern Catholic Bishops, Eastern Catholics have been counted separately from Western (or Latin Rite) Catholics. Catholics belonging to the Chaldean, Maronite, Melkite, Syro-Malabar or Ukrainian Catholic Churches have been requested by their Bishops NOT to tick the box marked 'Catholic' on the Census form, but rather to write, for example, 'Maronite Catholic' in the space provided. Those Eastern Catholics who were unaware of this request and who ticked the 'Catholic' box are counted as Western Catholics.



# Age and sex

Table 10: Age by sex	Males 2016	Females 2016	Total 2016	Total 2011
Age (Years)				
0	26,242	25,118	51,360	60,094
1	30,317	28,937	59,254	68,553
2	31,815	30,454	62,269	69,812
3	33,357	31,634	64,991	72,676
4	34,613	33,118	67,731	75,249
5	35,615	34,210	69,825	75,999
6	37,475	36,251	73,726	74,686
7	37,914	36,628	74,542	74,647
8	38,903	37,619	76,522	74,763
9	39,637	38,228	77,865	75,881
10	38,898	37,312	76,210	77,694
11	37,953	36,120	74,073	78,258
12	38,008	36,201	74,209	79,327
13	37,217	35,888	73,105	79,038
14	37,013	35,670	72,683	78,972
15	37,177	35,808	72,985	79,411
16	36,475	36,054	72,529	79,858
17	36,427	34,880	71,307	77,824
18	34,460	33,226	67,686	74,899
19	32,712	32,287	64,999	72,900
20-24	152,521	157,730	310,251	343,147
25-29	144,561	164,370	308,931	338,807
30-34	153,601	176,454	330,055	339,134
35-39	154,703	175,901	330,604	374,751
40-44	168,978	190,787	359,765	397,741
45-49	175,824	199,026	374,850	396,102
50-54	173,652	194,906	368,558	366,493
55-59	157,239	181,482	338,721	317,159
60-64	133,993	159,515	293,508	297,291
65-69	125,844	148,389	274,233	229,695
70-74	96,422	112,642	209,064	188,144
75-79	74,501	89,887	164,388	147,573
80+	91,048	139,973	231,021	202,688
Total	2,515,115	2,776,705	5,291,820	5,439,266

The table on this page shows the number of Catholics in Australia in 2016, by age and sex, and compares the total number of Catholics in each age group with the figure in 2011.

In 1996, the median age of Catholics in Australia was 33 years; by 2016, this had risen to 40 years.

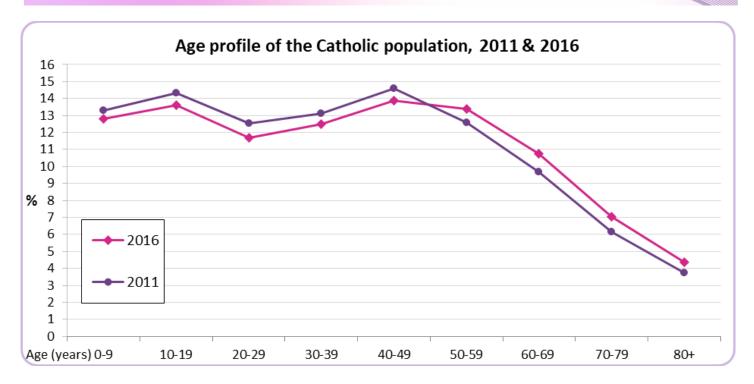
Several factors can influence the age profile, including fertility and mortality rates, and migration to and from Australia.

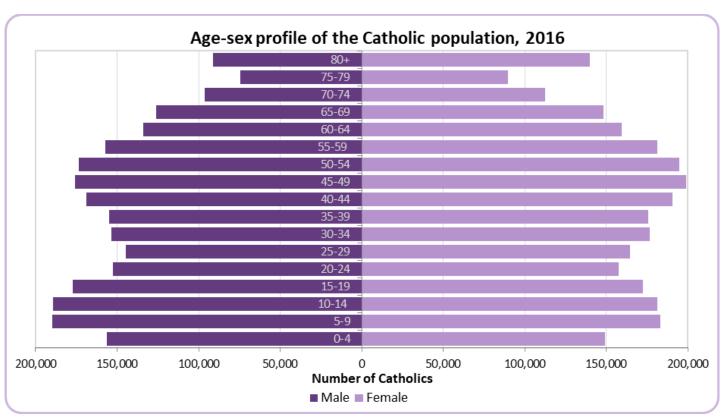
In many parishes and dioceses, migration is indeed the key factor, related either to people moving to other parts of the country or to people arriving from other parishes or dioceses, or from overseas.

**RANDOMISATION OF CENSUS DATA:** The Catholic population may be slightly different in different tables in this profile as a result of the randomisation procedure used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics in carrying out its statutory obligation to protect the confidentiality of individuals. This variation in figures does not impair the value of Census data as the Census is intended to be an instrument that paints a broad picture rather than a precise measurement of a particular locality. Care should always be taken in interpreting small counts in tables.



# Age and sex







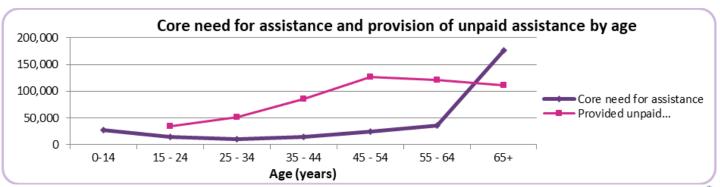
# **Disability**

The 2006 Census was the first to include the variable Core Activity Need for Assistance. The variable was developed to measure the number of people with a profound or severe disability. ABS defines the profound or severe disability population as: 'those people needing help or assistance in one or more of the three core activity areas of self-care, mobility and communication, because of a long-term health condition (lasting six months or more), a disability (lasting six months or more), or old age'. Most people who need assistance with core activities live either in a family or in a place such as a nursing home, where the care they need is provided. But many live alone. Often people with a disability have fewer opportunities for social interaction.<sup>2</sup>

Table 11a: Need for assistance with core						85 and	
activities by age	0 - 14	15 - 44	45 - 64	65 - 74	75 - 84	over	Total
Catholics who have need for assistance wi	th core acti	vities					
Family member							
Males	17,986	17,928	18,617	16,484	17,043	9,203	97,261
Females	8,361	15,307	23,526	16,878	21,093	13,046	98,211
Lone person							
Males	-	1,656	4,978	2,649	3,322	3,098	15,703
Females	-	1,159	4,846	4,122	10,566	11,803	32,496
Other non-family member & perso	ns not pres	ent in a hou	sehold on C	ensus nigh	t <sup>3</sup>		
Males	272	1,919	4,978	1,667	1,225	675	10,736
Females	149	1,568	4,846	1,619	2,054	1,714	11,950
Total							
Males	18,258	21,503	28,573	20,800	21,590	12,976	123,700
Females	8,510	18,034	33,218	22,619	33,713	26,563	142,657

Table 11b: Provision of unpaid assistance by age	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	65 and over	Total				
Catholics who provide unpaid assistance to a person with a disability <sup>4</sup>											
Male	15,062	18,304	30,714	45,462	42,446	45,001	196,989				
Female	19,157	32,810	55,515	81,387	78,581	65,596	333,046				

- Australian Bureau of Statistics 2006. Census Dictionary Australia 2006. Catalogue No. 2901.0.
- Australian Bureau of Statistics 2004. Australian Social Trends 2004. Catalogue No. 4102.0.
- 3. Among people aged 75 and over, being in hospital or a nursing home is a major reason for not being in a household on Census night.
- 4. The Census question asked whether the respondent had provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability in the two weeks prior to the Census. The question is not applicable to persons aged 0-14.





## **Marital Status**

The marital status patterns of Australian Catholics have changed noticeably over the last two decades. At the time of the 1991 Census, 31.4 per cent of Australian Catholics aged 15 and over had never been married, 55.4 per cent were married, 7.4 per cent were separated or divorced and 5.8 per cent were widowed. By the 2016 Census, these figures were respectively 33.3 per cent, 49.7 per cent, 11.2 per cent and 5.8 per cent. Since 1991, there has been a fall in the percentage of married Catholics and a rise in the percentage of the never married and separated and divorced.

able 12: Registered marital status by sex and age	45.04	05 04	05 44	45 54	FF 04	05 74	75 and	Tatal
<del>-</del>	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	65 - 74	over	Total
Catholics aged 15 and over								
Males								
Never married	326,008	188,651	88,299	65,172	34,407	15,621	9,129	727,287
Married	3,241	100,862	205,468	227,670	197,894	160,136	112,719	1,007,990
Separated/Divorced	417	8,436	29,226	54,451	53,901	36,040	15,202	197,673
Widowed	108	207	687	2,195	5,026	10,466	28,501	47,190
Total	329,774	298,156	323,680	349,488	291,228	222,263	165,551	1,980,140
Females								
Never married	321,319	178,195	80,721	54,363	27,861	12,414	9,916	684,789
Married	7,593	146,510	238,525	253,241	218,409	158,109	77,956	1,100,343
Separated/Divorced	910	15,502	45,204	78,830	74,015	45,826	18,365	278,652
Widowed	164	619	2,240	7,491	20,713	44,680	123,636	199,543
Total	329,986	340,826	366,690	393,925	340,998	261,029	229,873	2,263,327

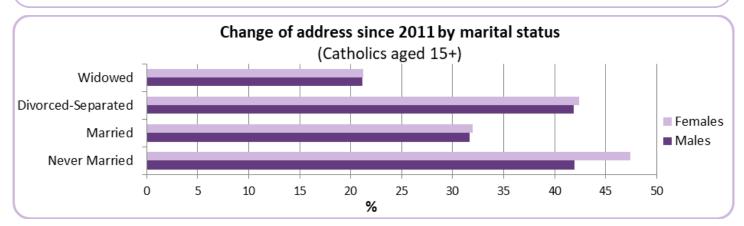


Table 13: Religious affiliation of couple by social marital status	In a registered marriage	In a de facto marriage	Total couples	% Couples in de facto marriages
Both persons Catholic	592,532	80,461	672,993	12.0
One person Catholic, Other person non-Catholic Christian	466,326	91,501	557,827	16.4
One person Catholic, Other person, non-Christian, or Not stated	269,004	102,663	371,667	27.6
Total	1,327,862	274,625	1,602,487	17.1



## **Families**

The table on this page shows family composition by weekly family income, with the median weekly family income for each type of family shown in the last column. Couple families are divided into three categories: both partners Catholic, Catholics with non-Catholic Christian partners, and Catholics with partners identifying with other religious traditions or none. The table includes partners in registered and de facto marriages.

Couples without children include those who have never had children as well as those whose children no longer live at home.

Table 14: Family composition <sup>1</sup> by weekly family income	Less than \$500	\$500- \$799	\$800- \$1,249	\$1,250- \$1,999	\$2,000- \$2,999	\$3,000- \$3,999	\$4,000 or more	Income not fully stated	Total families	Median weekly family income <sup>2</sup> (\$)
Two-parent families with chi	ldren at hom	ne:								
Both parents Catholic	6,800	11,092	33,247	82,221	108,393	56,611	55,965	34,078	388,407	2,404
One parent Catholic, the other Christian but not Catholic	3,359	6,218	21,274	58,970	86,010	47,713	49,578	26,236	299,358	2,543
One parent Catholic, the other non-Christian, no religion or not stated	2,949	5,032	16,500	44,293	61,668	33,885	34,655	15,429	214,411	2,498
Couple with no children living	g at home:									
Both parents Catholic	28,065	53,359	49,383	53,491	51,591	20,051	15,839	12,800	284,579	1,321
One parent Catholic, the other Christian but not Catholic	18,220	41,572	46,755	54,461	51,664	20,238	16,225	9,321	258,456	1,498
One parent Catholic, the other non-Christian, no religion or not stated	7,622	13,666	19,717	33,384	43,633	19,119	15,076	5,046	157,263	2,039
One-parent families: Parent is Catholic	30,769	42,281	50,026	47,760	24,307	6,427	3,524	26,285	231,379	1,065
Other families where at least one person is Catholic	7,927	11,394	18,176	23,040	19,420	8,057	6,664	7,841	102,519	1,570
Other: Reference person Catholic but spouse temporarily absent <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,457	61,457	-
Total	105,711	184,614	255,078	397,620	446,686	212,101	197,526	198,493	1,997,829	1,918

- 1. A family is defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household. Family members who live elsewhere are not included in the Census definition. For Census purposes, a Catholic family is defined as a family in which at least one person is Catholic.
- 2. Median weekly family income: fifty per cent of families have a higher income, fifty per cent a lower income. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over.
- 3. The religious affiliation of a temporarily absent spouse is not recorded, hence families in this category could belong to any one of the first six categories above.



# **Families**

Table 15: Weekly family income by number of dependent children	0 dependent children	1 dependent child	2 dependent children	3 dependent children	4 or more dependent children	Total
Less than \$500	64,376	20,200	13,923	5,067	2,149	105,715
\$500-\$799	126,927	24,511	20,741	8,825	3,611	184,615
\$800-\$1,249	159,052	38,593	36,655	14,912	5,877	255,089
\$1,250-\$1,999	205,511	69,292	80,931	31,510	10,377	397,621
\$2,000-\$2,999	212,692	81,326	105,406	37,980	9,306	446,710
\$3,000-\$3,999	93,211	41,579	54,137	19,174	3,999	212,100
\$4,000 or more	79,565	37,153	54,026	21,996	4,786	197,526
Income not fully stated	104,676	36,672	35,691	15,609	5,794	198,442
Total	1,046,010	349,326	401,510	155,073	45,899	1,997,818
Median weekly family	1,689	2,045	2,290	2,247	1,858	1,918

Note: Table population is Catholic families. Dependent children include all children aged 0-14 and dependent students aged 15-24.

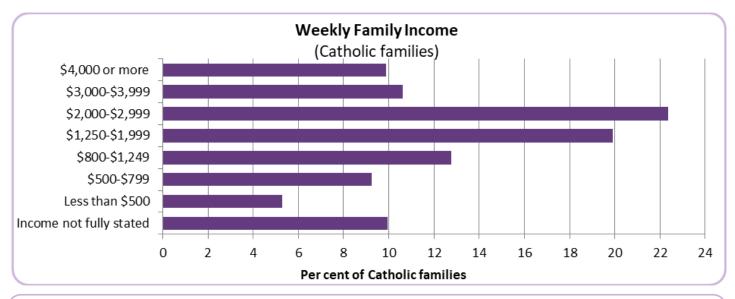


Table 16: Social marital status by number of dependent children	0 dependent children	1 dependent child	2 dependent children	3 dependent children	4 or more dependent children	Total
Family Composition:						
Married couple family (at least one partner Catholic)	725,149	209,963	293,324	116,431	31,228	1,376,095
De facto couple family (at least one partner Catholic)	180,727	47,607	39,565	14,295	5,638	287,832
One-parent family, parent Catholic	91,250	70,517	47,219	16,296	6,085	231,367
Other families where at least one person is Catholic	48,884	21,239	21,402	8,051	2,948	102,524
Total families	1,046,010	349,326	401,510	155,073	45,899	1,997,818



## **Households**

The Australian Bureau of Statistics defines a household as one or more persons, at least one of whom is at least 15 years of age, usually resident in the same private dwelling. Non-private dwellings such as motels, guest houses, prisons, religious institutions and nursing homes are not included in household statistics. A household can consist of one or more families, non-family groups or persons living alone.

The figures on this page refer to households in which at least one person is Catholic.<sup>2</sup>

There were 8,861,600 households in Australia in 2016. At least one Catholic person lived in 2,548,400 households, or 29 per cent of all households. Seventy-eight per cent of these Catholic households were family households and, of the Catholic family households, 75 per cent were occupied dwellings that were owned or being purchased.

Table 17: Household composition by tenure type	Fully owned or being purchased	Rented from State or Territory Housing Authority	Rented from other landlord, or landlord not stated	Other households	Total households	Per cent owned or being purchased
Family households	1,497,691	40,022	399,829	51,540	1,989,082	75.3
Lone persons aged under 35 years	21,652	1,602	26,002	4,254	53,510	40.5
Lone persons aged 35 years or over	262,706	32,291	83,017	29,675	407,689	64.4
Group households	31,802	2,699	58,165	5,425	98,091	32.4
Total households	1,813,851	76,614	567,013	90,894	2,548,372	71.2

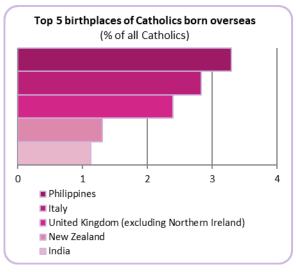
able 18: Household composition by nonthly housing loan repayment	\$1-\$599	\$600-\$999	\$1,000- \$1,599	\$1,600- \$2,199	\$2,200- \$2,799	\$2,800 and over	Median monthly household loan repayment (\$)
Family households	45,292	66,682	177,360	226,483	120,105	179,619	1,913
Lone persons aged under 35 years	424	1,198	4,965	5,680	1,915	1,758	1,746
Lone persons aged 35 years or over	8,214	9,878	19,295	14,804	5,294	6,040	1,425
Group households	1,200	1,865	4,349	4,577	1,784	2,033	1,664
Total households	55,130	79,623	205,969	251,544	129,098	189,450	1,873

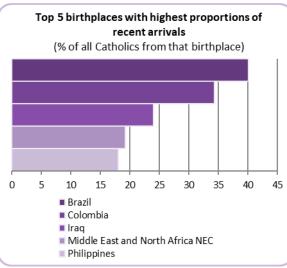
- 1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2016. Census Dictionary Australia 2016. Catalogue No. 2901.0.
- 2. For Census purposes, a Catholic household is any household in which at least one person is Catholic.



# **Birthplace**

Catholics born overseas, especially those born in non-English-speaking countries, are likely to have different approaches to faith and spirituality, and different experiences and expectations of Church life, from those of Catholics born in Australia.





NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified

#### Notes:

 % recent arrivals = the percentage of Catholics who were born in the named country and who arrived in Australia between 2013 and 2016 inclusive.

ble 19: Birthplace	All Catholics	% of Catholics	% recent arrivals <sup>1</sup>
Australia	3,895,007	73.6	-
New Zealand	68,837	1.3	9.0
Other Oceania	23,923	0.5	9.2
United Kingdom (except Northern Ireland)	126,596	2.4	6.3
Ireland (including Northern Ireland)	59,424	1.1	11.9
Italy	149,899	2.8	3.6
Malta	33,473	0.6	0.3
Spain and Portugal	21,767	0.4	7.3
France	11,216	0.2	17.9
Netherlands	21,037	0.4	1.7
Germany	27,015	0.5	4.3
Austria	8,066	0.2	1.9
Croatia and other Former Yugoslavia	43,490	0.8	1.2
Poland	31,974	0.6	4.7
Hungary Other Eastern Europe, Russian Federation	9,002	0.2	5.2
and Baltic States	20,324	0.4	6.2
Other Europe NEC	7,058	0.1	11.3
Vietnam	44,227	8.0	9.2
Philippines	174,621	3.3	18.1
Indonesia	17,602	0.3	14.9
Malaysia	17,606	0.3	11.0
Singapore	10,358	0.2	13.7
South East Asia NEC	13,449	0.3	8.0
India	59,699	1.1	15.8
Sri Lanka	22,778	0.4	10.6
China (except Hong Kong and Taiwan)	12,590	0.2	14.0
Hong Kong (SAR of China)	11,087	0.2	8.3
Korea, Republic of (South)	17,363	0.3	14.2
Egypt	7,128	0.1	1.4
Lebanon	26,876	0.5	2.3
Iraq	23,775	0.4	24.0
Sudan (including South Sudan)	7,485	0.1	4.1
Middle East and North Africa NEC	13,160	0.2	19.3
South Africa	19,797	0.4	8.1
Mauritius	15,429	0.3	4.4
United States of America	14,628	0.3	18.1
Canada	7,362	0.1	15.3
Argentina	7,612	0.1	10.8
Brazil	13,351	0.3	40.1
Colombia	12,819	0.2	34.4
Chile	14,709	0.3	6.4
Central America and South America NEC	28,677	0.5	12.2
Other countries	27,704	0.5	15.4
Inadequately described/Not stated	91,838	1.7	0.1
Total	5,291,838	100.0	2.5

# Language

In 2016, 20 per cent of Australia's Catholics spoke a language other than English at home, and three per cent were not proficient in English. People who don't speak English well can face practical problems in education, employment and access to services. On the other hand, it is important to many people from a non-English-speaking background to maintain and promote, for reasons of cultural continuity and identity, the use of their home language.<sup>1</sup>

able 20: Language spoken at home religious affiliation	Catholic	Not Catholic (or not stated)	All persons	% Catholics among speakers <sup>2</sup>
English	4,171,810	12,848,606	17,020,416	24.5
Italian	231,664	39,934	271,598	85.3
Maltese	29,828	2,159	31,987	93.3
Spanish	82,208	58,610	140,818	58.4
Croatian	49,546	7,342	56,888	87.1
Polish	36,561	11,519	48,080	76.0
Dutch	9,218	24,618	33,836	27.2
French	27,988	42,884	70,872	39.5
German	19,793	59,564	79,357	24.9
Portuguese	29,901	18,952	48,853	61.2
Hungarian	10,939	8,956	19,895	55.0
Ukrainian	3,817	3,863	7,680	49.7
Vietnamese	68,569	208,836	277,405	24.7
Filipino languages	145,635	44,309	189,944	76.7
Chinese languages	49,057	878,888	927,945	5.3
Malayalam	26,606	26,600	53,206	50.0
Sinhalese	10,586	54,020	64,606	16.4
Korean	19,580	89,419	108,999	18.0
Indonesian & Malay	18,217	67,619	85,836	21.
Arabic	68,952	252,771	321,723	21.4
Assyrian and Chaldean	25,449	20,070	45,519	55.9
Oceanic and Papuan languages	17,709	80,125	97,834	18.
Australian Indigenous Languages	9,825	54,942	64,767	15.2
Other European languages NEC	25,635	528,776	554,411	4.6
Other Asian languages NEC	27,629	862,252	889,881	3.
Other languages NEC Inadequately described/Non-Verbal/ Not stated	21,062 54,098	290,631 1,523,802	311,693 1,577,900	6.8 3.4
Total	5,291,882	18,110,067	23,401,949	3.2 22.6

#### Notes:

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified

<sup>1.</sup> Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.11.

<sup>2.</sup> The percentage of Catholics among the speakers of these languages in Australia.

# Language

Why does the proportion of people not speaking English well vary for different languages spoken at home? Part of the explanation lies in differences in average period of residence of the various language groups. Another factor is 'cultural distance': the more people from a particular culture share the customs, beliefs and lifestyles with the majority Australian culture, the easier it will be for them to overcome language barriers. A third factor is the size of the language group and the pattern of settlement. The concentration of large numbers of speakers in a region tends to reinforce the use of that language.<sup>1</sup>

e 21: Language spoken at home ge	0-4	5-11	12-19	20-29	30-49	50-64	65 and over	Total	% who do not speak English well
English	259,535	457,801	493,299	499,008	1,058,963	782,106	621,098	4,171,810	-
Italian	2,790	4,949	6,358	11,440	50,394	54,173	101,564	231,668	13.8
Maltese	239	347	461	1,088	5,108	7,308	15,267	29,818	7.3
Spanish	3,829	4,670	4,314	10,784	29,789	13,813	15,017	82,216	12.7
Croatian	1,234	1,900	2,244	3,301	12,851	9,997	18,014	49,541	13.2
Polish	1,049	1,470	1,373	2,900	8,799	10,077	10,885	36,553	11.4
Dutch	191	336	221	294	1,535	1,801	4,832	9,210	1.9
French	1,048	1,702	1,837	3,154	7,997	5,749	6,497	27,984	3.8
German	691	984	998	1,309	4,229	3,544	8,034	19,789	2.6
Portuguese	1,308	1,378	1,197	4,968	11,646	5,120	4,285	29,902	14.5
Hungarian	193	395	325	502	2,432	2,463	4,645	10,955	10.5
Ukrainian	103	133	149	254	724	843	1,615	3,821	9.5
Vietnamese	3,668	6,233	9,017	11,383	20,882	12,894	4,494	68,571	27.6
Filipino languages	3,567	7,396	12,530	18,736	61,289	31,144	10,973	145,635	3.1
Chinese languages	2,172	3,765	4,390	7,652	13,614	9,718	7,743	49,054	15.4
Malayalam	3,152	4,468	2,242	2,504	12,405	1,509	325	26,605	8.9
Sinhalese	497	654	785	1,674	4,245	1,887	847	10,589	4.5
Korean	1,098	1,756	1,617	3,026	7,751	2,781	1,553	19,582	30.2
Indonesian & Malay	886	1,156	1,628	3,516	7,113	2,584	1,333	18,216	6.7
Arabic	2,340	4,545	6,278	9,652	22,704	13,465	9,963	68,947	13.5
Assyrian and Chaldean	2,010	3,576	3,576	3,954	7,244	3,456	1,634	25,450	29.3
Oceanic and Papuan languages	802	1,424	1,934	3,062	6,016	3,299	1,125	17,662	6.0
Australian Indigenous Languages	729	1,405	1,622	1,602	2,677	1,215	378	9,628	10.3
Other European languages NEC	1,159	1,630	1,202	2,394	7,335	4,785	7,111	25,616	7.9
Other Asian languages NEC	1,441	2,377	2,491	3,515	10,639	4,601	2,533	27,597	10.3
Other languages NEC Inadequately described/Non-Verbal/ Not stated	1,332 8,521	2,309 3,950	3,025 4,345	3,477 4,007	7,613 9,177	2,225 8,167	1,013 15,923	20,994 54,090	10.8 12.3
Total	305,584	522,709	569,458	619,156	1,395,171	1,000,724	878,701	5,291,503	2.6

## Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.12-13. NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified



## **Attendance at Educational Institutions**

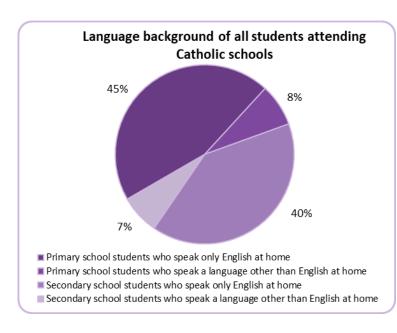
According to the 2016 Census, 719,000 Australians attended Catholic schools, accounting for over 21 per cent of all school students in Australia.

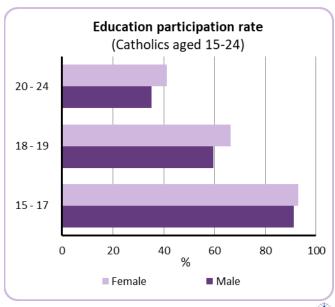
In 2016, there were 915,100 Catholic students - almost one in six of all Catholics - attending Government, Catholic, and other Non-Government schools. They constitute a very large sub-group of Australian Catholics, considerably larger than the 623,400 or so who attend Mass every Sunday. A further 317,600 Catholics were involved in some form of post-secondary education. The Church of today, not just of tomorrow, is being shaped by the attitudes, beliefs and lifestyles of these young people.

Table 22: Type of educational institution attending by religious affiliation	Catholic	Not Catholic or not stated	All persons	% Catholic
Infants/Primary - Government	211,462	1,103,340	1,314,802	16.1
Infants/Primary - Catholic	273,829	106,768	380,597	71.9
Infants/Primary - Other Non-Government	30,397	201,089	231,486	13.1
Secondary - Government	140,382	687,140	827,522	17.0
Secondary - Catholic	217,607	120,795	338,402	64.3
Secondary - Other Non-Government	41,410	239,200	280,610	14.8
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	91,285	333,588	424,873	21.5
University or other Tertiary Institution	226,352	934,285	1,160,637	19.5
Other (including pre-school)	124,842	421,177	546,019	22.9
Not stated/Not applicable <sup>1</sup>	3,934,271	13,962,763	17,897,034	22.0
Total	5,291,837	18,110,145	23,401,982	22.6

## Note:

This table includes the total population of Australia and so there are high numbers for whom the question about type of educational institutions being attended is not applicable.





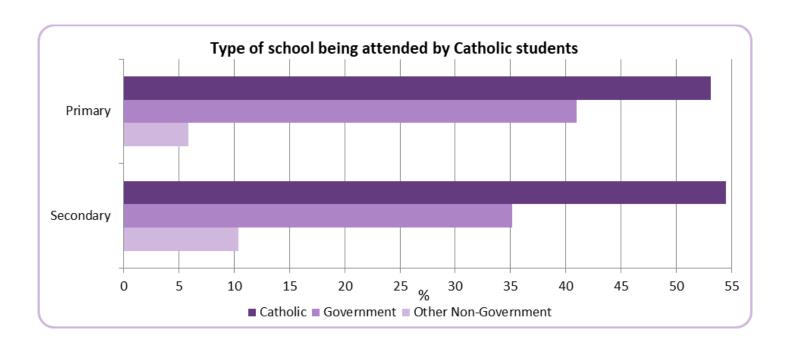
ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research National Catholic Census Project 1991-2016



# **Attendance at Educational Institutions**

Table 23: Type of educational institution attending by weekly income of student's family <sup>1</sup>	Less than \$500	\$500- \$799	\$800- \$1,249	\$1,250- \$1,999	\$2,000- \$2,999	\$3,000- \$3,999	\$4,000 or more	Total <sup>2</sup>	Median annual family income <sup>3</sup> (\$)
Infants/Primary - Government	11,753	18,824	26,293	46,637	47,439	19,248	17,748	204,691	96,263
Infants/Primary - Catholic	8,434	12,425	22,510	51,079	73,723	38,111	39,251	266,443	124,289
Infants/Primary - Other Non-Government	796	1,022	1,818	3,889	5,929	4,947	7,786	28,686	153,232
Secondary - Government	7,411	11,481	17,503	29,233	28,646	11,266	7,772	130,635	92,257
Secondary - Catholic	5,512	8,266	16,332	35,561	51,234	30,968	33,849	208,055	129,896
Secondary - Other Non-Government	974	1,145	2,254	4,460	7,059	5,646	10,664	37,381	158,333
TAFE, University or other tertiary institution	2,047	3,163	7,053	15,217	21,365	15,064	20,467	97,316	140,156
Other (including pre-school)	1,159	1,652	2,332	4,873	5,708	2,650	2,568	22,693	108,416
Not stated or not applicable	3,125	3,438	4,288	6,258	5,697	2,417	2,175	33,204	82,950
Total	41,211	61,416	100,383	197,207	246,800	130,317	142,280	1,029,104	116,850

<sup>3.</sup> Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over.



<sup>1.</sup> Because the population of this table is dependent children aged 5-14 and dependent students aged 15-24, the figures in the table refer to individuals, not families. The table shows, for example, the number of Catholic students attending Catholic primary schools whose families have a weekly income in the range \$1,250-\$1,999. A brother and sister at the same school would account for TWO of the cases in this category.

<sup>2.</sup> A column of figures for "Family income not fully stated, or not stated at all" has been omitted from the table, but the missing figures are included in the Total column.

# **Educational Qualifications**

Both the percentage of Catholics with university degrees and the gender balance of Catholics with degrees have changed dramatically in recent decades due to the upsurge in young people, especially women, undertaking tertiary study and the upgrading of courses such as nursing to degree status. In 1991, less than seven per cent of Australian Catholics aged 15 or over had a degree; by 2016, that figure had reached 21 per cent. Among Catholics aged 15 to 34 years in 2016, 25.8 per cent of women had a degree compared to 15.6 per cent of men. In contrast, among Catholics aged 55 and over, 13.8 per cent of men and 13.6 per cent of women had degrees.

Гable 24: by age an	Highest qualification attained d sex	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	65 and over	Total
Catholics	aged 15+							
Males								
	Postgraduate degree	781	12,883	18,886	17,718	12,568	9,326	72,162
	Graduate diploma, graduate certificate or bachelor degree	17,259	66,767	67,947	55,199	40,265	31,391	278,828
	Advanced diploma or diploma	7,926	25,587	34,934	35,284	25,796	22,682	152,209
	Certificate	49,383	102,549	102,737	113,318	89,554	98,662	556,203
	Inadequately described, Not stated or Not applicable	254,424	90,371	99,183	127,953	123,047	225,757	920,735
	Total	329,773	298,157	323,687	349,472	291,230	387,818	1,980,137
	Per cent with degree or higher	5.5	26.7	26.8	20.9	18.1	10.5	17.7
emales								
	Postgraduate degree	1,613	20,706	23,158	17,945	11,819	6,553	81,794
	Graduate diploma, graduate certificate or bachelor degree	30,771	119,868	114,618	82,460	55,601	38,849	442,167
	Advanced diploma or diploma	16,079	44,383	52,187	53,300	39,548	32,463	237,960
	Certificate	41,872	65,892	66,358	72,324	51,541	34,802	332,789
	Inadequately described, Not stated or Not applicable	239,649	89,970	110,367	167,908	182,489	378,274	1,168,657
	Total	329,984	340,819	366,688	393,937	340,998	490,941	2,263,367
	Per cent with degree or higher	9.8	41.2	37.6	25.5	19.8	9.2	23.1
All Cathol	ics							
	Postgraduate degree	2,394	33,589	42,044	35,663	24,387	15,879	153,956
	Graduate diploma, graduate certificate or bachelor degree	48,030	186,635	182,565	137,659	95,866	70,240	720,995
	Advanced diploma or diploma	24,005	69,970	87,121	88,584	65,344	55,145	390,169
	Certificate	91,255	168,441	169,095	185,642	141,095	133,464	888,992
	Inadequately described, Not stated or Not applicable	494,073	180,341	209,550	295,861	305,536	604,031	2,089,392
	Total	659,757	638,976	690,375	743,409	632,228	878,759	4,243,504
	Per cent with degree or higher	7.6	34.5	32.5	23.3	19.0	9.8	20.6

# **Employment**

In recent years there have been many changes in society and the workplace that have affected Australian workers. One major change has been the increase in the percentage of workers, especially young people and women, in part-time jobs. Another has been the rise in participation in the labour force by women. A third major change has been the rise in participation in the labour force by older workers, following the removal of incentives to early retirement and resulting in the continuing availability of their skills, experience and maturity in the workplace. Changes in labour force participation also influence the availability and size of the volunteer workforce, and can both reduce and change the pattern of workers' leisure time.

Table 25: Labour force status by age and sex		15 - 24	25 - 44	45 - 64	65 and over	Total
Catholics a	ged 15+					
Males						
	Employer	5,487	85,573	124,799	24,650	240,509
	Employee	181,098	453,616	369,027	37,712	1,041,453
	Unemployed	29,078	26,320	25,123	2,026	82,547
	Not in labour force	110,367	47,994	111,732	311,505	581,598
	Other, Not stated, Not applicable	3,749	8,337	10,024	11,926	34,036
	Total	329,779	621,840	640,705	387,819	1,980,143
	Per cent in Labour Force <sup>2</sup>	65.4	90.9	81.0	16.6	68.9
	Per cent unemployed <sup>3</sup>	13.5	4.7	4.8	3.1	6.0
Females						
	Employer	2,612	43,970	58,892	9,588	115,062
	Employee	197,205	494,223	442,174	35,038	1,168,640
	Unemployed	25,183	27,699	21,863	896	75,641
	Not in labour force	101,860	134,849	202,898	427,997	867,604
	Other, Not stated, Not applicable	3,119	6,784	9,101	17,368	36,372
	Total	329,979	707,525	734,928	490,887	2,263,319
	Per cent in Labour Force <sup>2</sup>	68.2	80.0	71.2	9.3	60.1
	Per cent unemployed <sup>3</sup>	11.2	4.9	4.2	2.0	5.6

- Australian Bureau of Statistics 2004. Australian Social Trends 2004. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.115.
- The percentage of Catholics in each age group who are in the labour force (i.e. employed or seeking employment).
   The percentage of Catholics in each age group who were in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.
- Labour force status by age (percentage of all Catholics aged 15+) 100 Employer 80 60 Employee 40 Unemployed 20 Not in Labour Force 15 - 24 25 - 34 35 - 44 45 - 54 55 - 64 65 - 74 75 +

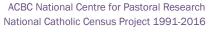


# **Occupation**

Catholic women are more likely to be employed as managers or professionals; 35 per cent of Catholic women and 33 per cent of Catholic men who reported their occupation in the 2016 Census worked as managers or professionals. But men were much more likely than women—47 per cent compared to 12 per cent—to have a 'blue collar' occupation. The largest occupational category for Catholic men in Australia is Technicians and Trades Workers. For women, it is Professionals.

Table 26: Occupation by age and sex	15 - 24	25 - 34	35 - 44	45 - 54	55 - 64	65 and	Total
Catholics aged 15+							
Males							
Managers	6,756	30,678	55,846	62,774	39,251	14,973	210,27
Professionals	12,232	49,382	53,576	47,577	33,249	11,730	207,74
Technicians and Trades Workers	52,772	75,080	66,184	62,878	39,306	9,087	305,30
Community and Personal Service Workers	20,885	16,825	15,107	15,420	9,782	2,627	80,64
Clerical and Administrative Workers	8,787	15,936	18,125	20,219	15,090	4,248	82,40
Sales Workers	32,809	15,185	14,735	15,492	11,264	4,602	94,08
Machinery Operators and Drivers	11,411	23,975	30,085	37,852	29,549	7,625	140,49
Labourers	39,826	28,405	25,846	28,942	22,463	7,248	152,73
Inadequately described, Not stated, Not employed	144,300	42,699	44,174	58,313	91,277	325,684	706,44
Total	329,778	298,165	323,678	349,467	291,231	387,824	1,980,14
Per cent Managers & Professionals <sup>1</sup>	10.2	31.3	39.1	37.9	36.3	43.0	32
Per cent 'blue collar' workers <sup>1</sup>	56.1	49.9	43.7	44.5	45.7	38.6	47
emales							
Managers	6,757	25,933	34,853	34,747	19,772	6,162	128,2
Professionals	21,932	89,821	85,356	72,480	45,617	9,019	324,2
Technicians and Trades Workers	9,324	12,668	11,467	11,728	6,953	1,589	53,7
Community and Personal Service Workers	48,701	38,369	36,373	43,854	28,696	5,456	201,4
Clerical and Administrative Workers	27,876	54,745	67,902	83,817	55,153	12,739	302,2
Sales Workers	68,474	22,864	22,285	27,847	18,853	4,362	164,6
Machinery Operators and Drivers	1,721	2,558	3,108	4,698	3,385	617	16,0
Labourers	14,291	11,695	14,800	22,739	19,280	4,574	87,3
Inadequately described, Not stated, Not employed	130,923	82,184	90,530	92,011	143,283	446,389	985,3
Total	329,999	340,837	366,674	393,921	340,992	490,907	2,263,3
Per cent Managers & Professionals <sup>1</sup>	14.4	44.8	43.5	35.5	33.1	34.1	35
Per cent 'blue collar' workers <sup>1</sup>	12.7	10.4	10.6	13.0	15.0	15.2	12
II Catholics							
Managers	13,513	56,611	90,699	97,521	59,023	21,135	338,5
Professionals	34,164	139,203	138,932	120,057	78,866	20,749	531,9
Technicians and Trades Workers	62,096	87,748	77,651	74,606	46,259	10,676	359,0
Community and Personal Service Workers	69,586	55,194	51,480	59,274	38,478	8,083	282,0
Clerical and Administrative Workers	36,663	70,681	86,027	104,036	70,243	16,987	384,6
Sales Workers	101,283	38,049	37,020	43,339	30,117	8,964	258,7
Machinery Operators and Drivers	13,132	26,533	33,193	42,550	32,934	8,242	156,5
Labourers	54,117	40,100	40,646	51,681	41,743	11,822	240,10
Inadequately described, Not stated, Not employed	275,223	124,883	134,704	150,324	234,560	772,073	1,691,70
Total	659,777	639,002	690,352	743,388	632,223	878,731	4,243,47
Per cent Managers & Professionals <sup>1</sup>	12.4	38.1	41.3	36.7	34.7	39.3	34
Per cent 'blue collar' workers <sup>1</sup>	33.6	30.0	27.3	28.5	30.4	28.8	29

Percentage of those with an occupation. See Notes 1 and 3 under Table 3 for the type of occupations covered by the terms 'Managers and Professionals' and 'blue collar'.

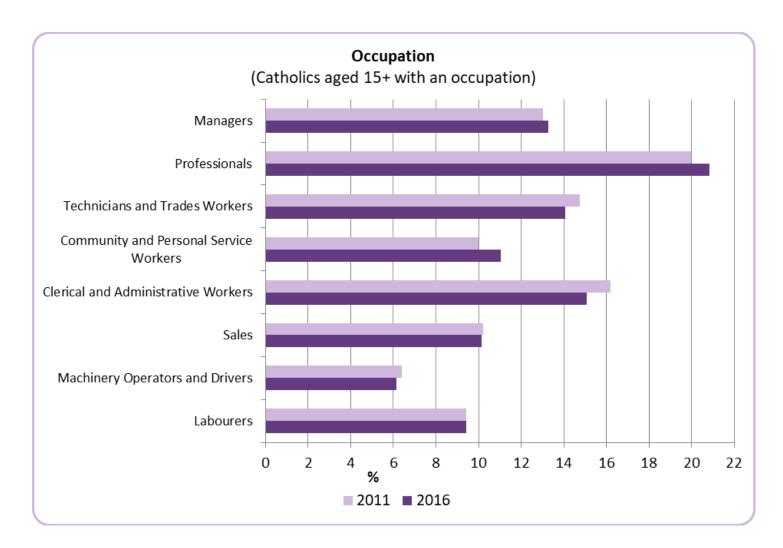


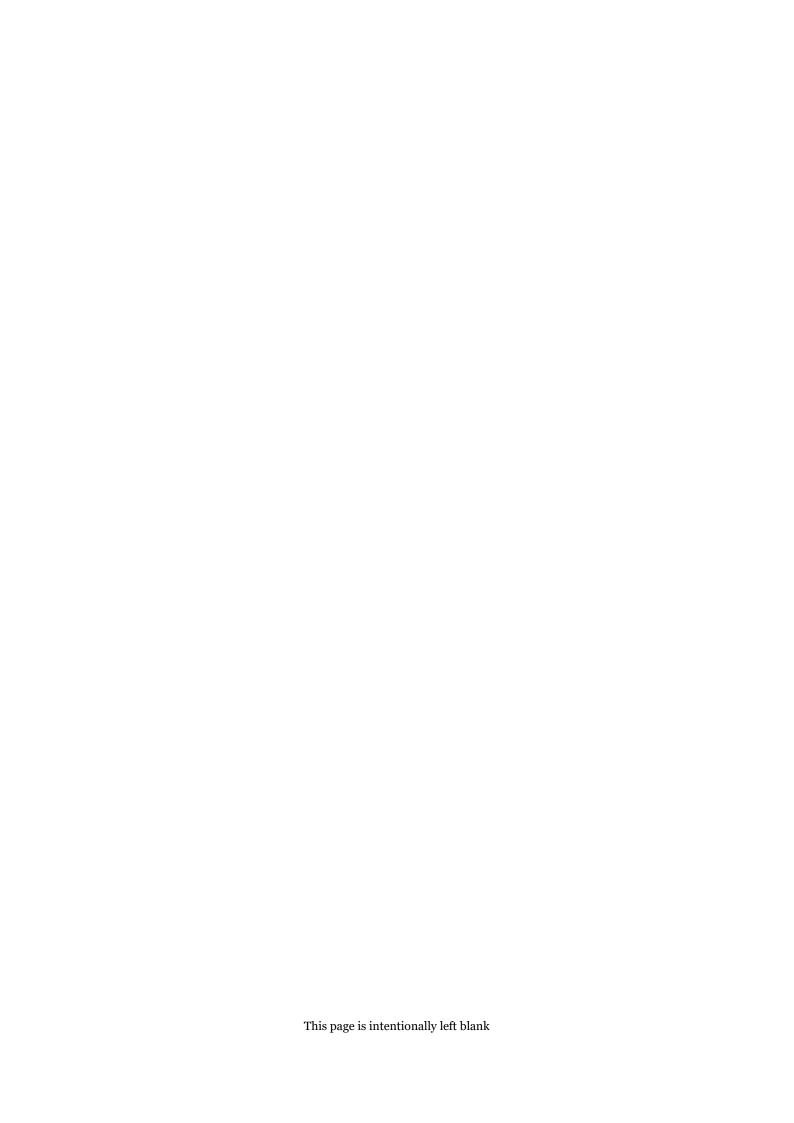
# **Occupation**

Table 27: Occupation by religious affiliation <sup>1</sup> (%)	Catholic	Not Catholic
All persons aged 15+ with an occupation		
Managers	13.3	13.2
Professionals	20.8	23.1
Technicians and Trades Workers	14.1	13.7
Community and Personal Service Workers	11.1	11.0
Clerical and Administrative Workers	15.1	13.4
Sales Workers	10.1	9.3
Machinery Operators and Drivers	6.1	6.5
Labourers	9.4	9.7
Total	100.0	100.0

## Note:

1. In this table, 'Not Catholic' includes those who did not answer the question about religious affiliation.







## www.ncpr.catholic.org.au

# The National Centre for Pastoral Research website allows you to view the Social Profiles online.

Visit the website to obtain:

- Social Profiles for any diocese or parish in Australia
- A Social Profile for the Catholic population of Australia
- Helpful hints on using the Census data
- Reports on the National Count of Attendance
- Results from the 2016 National Church Life Survey
- Results of other research projects conducted by the National Centre for Pastoral Research



This profile has been created by the staff of the ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research as part of the National Catholic Census Project 1991-2016.

National Centre for Pastoral Research Staff: Trudy Dantis (Director), Stephen Reid, Leith Dudfield, Marilyn Chee and Paul Bowell. Australian Catholic Bishops Conference National Centre for Pastoral Research GPO Box 368 Canberra ACT 2601

Phone: +61 2 6201 9812 Email: ncpr@catholic.org.au

