



# **PARISH SOCIAL PROFILE**

**Based on the 2021 Australian Census** 

### **Rangeway Parish**

**Diocese of Geraldton** 

Census ID: 265702



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#### Rangeway Diocese of Geraldton

Census ID: 265702



#### AUSTRALIAN CATHOLIC BISHOPS CONFERENCE Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research

December 2023

Dear readers,

The Australian Catholic Bishops Conference is pleased to make available to you this profile of the Catholic population of your parish.

I hope that you will find it to be a valuable tool for your parish's pastoral planning by helping you understand the local Catholic community and assess its needs. Parish pastoral councils, in particular, will find it a useful resource.

The data in this profile have been sourced from the Australian Census, which is carried out every five years by the Australian Bureau of Statistics. Most of the data comes from the 2021 Census, but some comparisons are provided with 2016 and earlier years.

It is important to remember that most of the data in this profile applies to all those people living within the boundaries of your parish who identified themselves as Catholic in the Census. Census data inform us about a population's demographic characteristics, but not about their religious practice.

This social profile, produced for every Catholic parish in Australia, is an outcome of the National Catholic Census Project established by the Bishops Conference at the time of the 1991 Census. This project is managed by the ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research. The Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research is most grateful to the Centre's staff for the work that they do in providing demographic resources for parishes and dioceses, including this social profile.

This profile is provided to you free of charge by the Bishops Conference as part of its commitment to the support of parish life. I trust that you find it informative, useful and thought-provoking.

Yours sincerely,

Gabrielle Mi Mallen

(Professor) Gabrielle McMullen AM Chair, Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research

## **Your Parish Social Profile**

#### At a Glance (pages 2 and 3)

Provides a brief glance at some key demographic indicators for your parish.

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#### Parish Overview (pages 4-7)

Provides a clear overview of the Catholic community of your parish and how it is changing – a useful tool for pastoral planning.

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#### Parish Details (pages 9-25)

Provides much more detail about the Catholics of your parish, allowing for deeper analysis of the nature of the Catholic community as you plan in particular areas of ministry.

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# Your Parish Community

**Pastoral planning** is the process of a Catholic community organising itself to carry out the mission of the Church in its own locality. It is a process built upon a parish's knowledge in three areas:

- Knowing its vision—its aspiration for itself.
- Knowing what sort of people make up the Catholic community and the general community.
- Knowing the resources (strengths, gifts and circumstances) available to the parish to realise the vision.

This Parish Social Profile has been developed as a resource for pastoral planning, and it focuses on the second two of these three areas of knowledge.

The Church strongly encourages pastoral planning. As Pope John Paul II said:

"I earnestly exhort the Pastors of the particular Churches, with the help of all sectors of God's People, confidently to plan the stages of the journey ahead, harmonising the choices of each diocesan community with those of neighbouring Churches and of the universal Church ... It is not a matter of inventing a 'new program'. The program already exists: it is the plan found in the Gospel and in the living Tradition." Novo Millennio Ineunte #29

Pope Francis reminds that all renewal must be grounded in:

"... a missionary impulse capable of transforming everything, so that the Church's customs, ways of doing things, times and schedules, language and structures can be suitably channelled for the evangelisation of today's world rather than for her self-preservation." Evangelii Gaudium #27

By giving a clear picture of the parish's demographic reality, this profile helps the parish leaders name its strengths and shortcomings and better understand how it might use the resources it has to pursue the mission of the Church.

#### A SNAPSHOT OF YOUR PARISH (2021)

Total Population: 16,733

Catholic Population: 3,735

Catholics make up 22.3 per cent of the total population

Median age of Catholics is 38 years

Total Catholic families: 1,559

274 Catholics live alone

516 Catholics were born overseas

15 Catholics do not speak English well

166 Catholics need assistance with core activities

1,508 Catholics have changed address since 2016

# What has changed in your parish since 2016?

This chart will help you identify at a glance changes in some of the key indicators for Catholics in the parish between 2016 and 2021, and may alert you to possible trends that are occurring. The 2016 and 2021 figures are drawn from the Parish Overview tables on pages 4-7. All figures in this table refer to Catholics only. The term 'Catholic' in this report refers to all persons who identified themselves as Catholics in the Census, not only those who have some form of active association with the Church.

	Parish in 2016	Parish in 2021
Catholic population	4,475	3,735
Catholics aged 0-14 (%)	26.3	22.6
Catholics aged 65+ (%)	10.6	15.3
Catholics born in NESC <sup>1</sup> (%)	7.6	8.8
Catholics not proficient in English (%)	0.7	0.5
Catholic families	1,794	1,559
Catholics living alone	258	274
Catholic students attending Catholic schools <sup>2</sup> (%)	65.6	60.9
Catholics with university degree (%)	11.7	14.2
Catholic males in labour force (%)	73.7	72.2
Catholic females in labour force (%)	66.0	67.0
Catholic households owning or purchasing dwelling (%)	72.8	75.1

Notes:

1. NESC = Non-English-Speaking Country as defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

2. The percentage of all students who are Catholic attending Catholic schools.

#### NOTE ON COMPARABILITY WITH 2016 FIGURES:

The boundaries of some parishes changed between 2016 and 2021. These boundary changes mean that, in these parishes, figures for 2016 and 2021 may not be comparable. Where parishes have been amalgamated between 2016 and 2021, the 2021 figures in this profile refer to the overall figures for the parishes involved. Prior to 2021, persons living on Australian Defence Force bases were excluded from the Parish Social Profiles figures and were counted within the Military Ordinariate of Australia figures. For 2021, such persons have been included in the geographical parish in which the military base is located. The overall result of inclusion in 2021 figures is negligible.



National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

#### Table 1: Population (for more details on Population and Religion see page 9).

The Parish Profile begins by looking at the total population living within the parish boundaries, and the percentage who identified as Catholic. The rest of the figures in this overview refer only to these Catholics, except where otherwise indicated.

How has the make-up of the parish population changed over the last five years? Of the changes identified here, which do you think have been particularly significant for the life of the parish?

Table 1: Population <sup>1</sup>	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group <sup>2</sup>	Australian Group <sup>2</sup>
Total population <sup>3</sup>	16,733	16,878	122,918	25,422,788	1	3
Catholic population	3,735	4,475	21,371	5,075,910	1	3
Per cent Catholic	22.3	26.5	17.4	20.0	1	2
At same address since previous Census (%)	59.6	54.3	49.9	59.4	2	3
Median age <sup>4</sup> (years)	38	34	39	43	4	5
Aged 0-14 (%)	22.6	26.3	20.6	17.9	2	1
Aged 65+ (%)	15.3	10.6	13.5	19.9	3	5
Males per 100 females	85.0	88.4	99.4	89.1	5	5

Table 2: Disability (for more details on Disability and Carers see page 12).

Table 2 shows the percentage of Catholics living with a disability to the extent that they require assistance for some core activities (i.e. they need help or assistance with self-care, communication or mobility). It also shows the percentage of Catholics who provide unpaid assistance to a person living with some form of disability.

In what particular ways does the parish support people living with disabilities and their carers?

Table 2: Disability	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Need assistance with core activities (%)	4.5	3.5	4.1	6.7	3	5
Provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability <sup>5</sup> (% of Catholics aged 15+)	12.8	11.5	10.0	13.5	1	4

Notes:

1. All figures in this report refer to Catholics only, except for Total Population and certain other clearly indicated figures.

2. A Diocesan (or Australian) Group value of 1 signifies that the parish is in the 20% of parishes with the highest value for this item in the diocese (or in Australia); a value of 5 signifies that the parish is in the 20% of parishes with the lowest value for this item in the diocese (or in Australia).

3. The population figures for the parish, diocese and Australia do not include overseas visitors.

4. Median Age: Half the Catholic population are above this age, half are below it. A Diocesan (or Australian) Group value of 1 signifies that the parish is in the 20% of parishes with the highest median age.

5. The Census asked whether a person had provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability in the two weeks prior to the Census.



Table 3: Employment (for more details on Occupation and Employment see pages 23-25).

The extent to which people are involved in the labour force, and the type of work they are doing, influences and shapes many aspects of the community's life.

How might the changes in the employment status of Catholics over the last five years have affected your parish?

Table 3: Employment	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Managers and Professionals <sup>1</sup> (% of those recording an occupation)	28.5	29.7	27.1	37.1	3	5
Workers in 'blue collar' occupations <sup>2</sup> (% of those recording an occupation)	34.6	35.7	44.4	28.1	5	2
Men, employed or seeking work <sup>3</sup> (%)	71.8	73.7	77.1	66.5	3	2
Women, employed or seeking work <sup>3</sup> (%)	66.7	66.0	67.6	59.7	3	1
Unemployed at time of Census <sup>4</sup> (%)	5.2	8.3	3.7	4.2	2	1
Youth unemployed at time of Census <sup>5</sup> (%)	9.2	15.6	8.6	8.9	2	3

Table 4: Birthplace and Language (for more details on Birthplace and Language see pages 17-19).

This table begins to explore the ethnic balance of the parish's Catholic community, which may highlight greater needs related to communication and inclusiveness.

Is there a need for the parish to review the way it addresses the needs of recently arrived Catholic migrants? How does the cultural mix of the parish compare to that of the rest of the diocese and of Australia as a whole?

Table 4: Birthplace, Indigenous Status & Language	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Born overseas in English-speaking country <sup>6</sup> (%)	4.9	5.4	6.8	5.5	5	2
Born overseas in non-English-speaking country (%)	8.8	7.6	14.1	21.4	4	4
Immigrants from non-English-speaking countries arriving in Census year or previous 3 years	38	54	390	97,457	2	3
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders	438	504	2,677	135,686	1	1
Speak language other than English at home (%)	8.7	7.8	13.6	21.5	4	4
Not proficient in English <sup>7</sup> (%)	0.5	0.7	0.8	2.7	4	5

Notes:

 This group includes, for example, farmers and farm managers, sales, marketing and production managers, education and health service managers, retail managers, school principals and school teachers, medical practitioners, nurses, scientists, arts and media professionals, accountants, engineers and IT professionals.

2. This group includes, for example, toolmakers, technicians, electricians, carpenters, plumbers, bakers and chefs, veterinary nurses, hairdressers, machinery operators, drivers, cleaners and labourers.

3. The percentage of Catholics aged 15+ who are in the labour force (i.e. employed or seeking employment).

- 4. The percentage of Catholics aged 15+ who are in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.
- 5. The percentage of Catholics aged 15-24 who are in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.
- 6. New Zealand, United Kingdom, Ireland, United States, Canada and South Africa.
- 7. Percentage of all Catholics who reported that they spoke English not well, or not at all.



National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

**Table 5: Education** (for more details on Education and Qualifications see pages 20-22).

Knowing the proportions of students in your parish and the type of educational institution they are attending can be important even if your parish does not have its own school, for these figures are relevant to the exercise of planning deeper connections with young people and their families. It is also important to be aware of the educational retention rates of your young Catholic adults (aged 15-24).

Has anything changed in these areas over the last five years?

#### Why do you think this is so?

How does your parish compare to the rest of the diocese?

Table 5: Education <sup>1</sup>	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Catholics aged 15+ with bachelor degree or higher qualification (%) Catholics attending an educational institution (% of all Catholics in each age group)	14.2	11.7	15.8	24.6	3	4
Aged 15-17	90.4	89.5	88.5	94.9	4	5
Aged 18-19	21.8	38.3	30.6	67.2	4	5
Aged 20-24	17.6	16.6	16.8	43.4	2	5
Catholic primary students attending Catholic schools (%)	60.9	65.7	45.1	55.5	2	2
Catholic primary students attending Government schools (%)	32.9	28.9	50.6	38.4	4	4
Catholic secondary students attending Catholic schools (%)	60.1	65.5	48.1	55.3	2	2
Catholic secondary students attending Government schools (%)	33.1	29.4	47.1	33.4	4	3
Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic <sup>2</sup> (%)	36.0	20.6	41.8	36.6	4	3
Secondary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic <sup>2</sup> (%)	49.7	31.6	51.3	41.3	4	2

Notes:

1. The data in this table relates to the students who live in your parish and not necessarily to the schools in your parish. Students may be attending schools outside your parish.

2. 'Students ... who are not Catholic' includes a small proportion whose religion was not stated in the Census. Some of these may be Catholic.



#### Tables 6, 7 and 8: Marital Status, Families and Households (for more details see pages 13-16).

In 2021, 84 per cent of Australia's Catholics lived in a family setting, with a further ten per cent living alone. The most common type of Catholic family was a couple family with children (44 per cent of all families where at least one person was a Catholic), followed by couple families without children (38%) and one-parent families (parent Catholic, 11%).

What areas below show significant change over the last five years? What might this mean?

In what areas is the parish quite distinctive compared to the rest of the diocese? The rest of Australia?

What possible opportunities or concerns for the parish do you see here?

Table 6: Marital Status of Catholics aged 15+	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Never married (%)	34.1	37.1	35.8	32.9	4	2
Married (%)	50.1	49.2	48.3	49.3	3	3
Divorced or Separated (%)	10.3	9.7	11.4	11.7	5	4
Widowed (%)	5.4	3.9	4.4	6.1	2	4

Table 7: Families <sup>1</sup> in which at least one person is Catholic	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Families	1,559	1,794	8,177	1,995,658	1	2
One-parent families	176	211	839	225,180	1	2
One-parent families (% of all families)	11.3	11.8	10.3	11.3	3	2
Couples of mixed religions <sup>2</sup> (%)	61.6	60.5	62.7	58.1	4	3
De facto couples <sup>3</sup> (%)	20.5	21.1	25.1	17.7	4	2
Median annual family income <sup>4</sup> (\$)	118,521	101,783	135,624	120,943	3	3

Table 8: Households <sup>5</sup> in which at least one person is Catholic	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Households	1,893	2,122	10,442	2,567,362	1	3
Persons living alone (aged under 35)	42	43	312	51,145	1	2
Persons living alone (aged 35+)	232	215	1,660	442,080	1	4
Persons living alone (total)	274	258	1,972	493,225	1	3
Persons living alone (% of all persons)	7.3	5.8	9.2	9.7	4	5
Dwellings owned or being purchased (%)	75.1	72.8	55.5	73.0	1	3
Median monthly housing loan repayment <sup>6</sup> (\$)	1,630	1,785	1,693	1,948	2	4

Notes:

2. Married or de facto couples where only one partner is Catholic as a percentage of all couples where at least one partner is Catholic.

3. De facto couples as a percentage of all married couples.

4. Fifty per cent of families have a higher income, fifty per cent a lower income. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over.

5. A household can consist of one or more families, non-family groups or persons living alone.

6. Fifty per cent of households with a housing loan pay a higher repayment, fifty per cent a lower figure.



Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

A family is defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household. Family members who live elsewhere are not included in the Census definition.

### **Parish Details**

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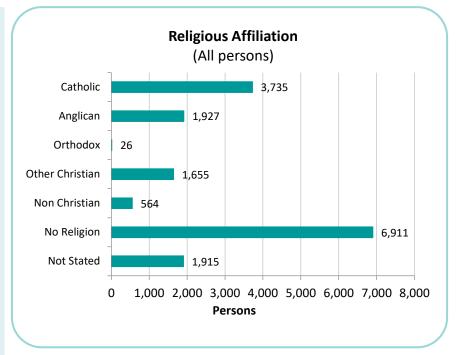
### **Religious Affiliation**

The Census question about religion is optional, and just under seven per cent of people across Australia chose not to answer it. Note that the question is about religious identification rather than religious practice or belief. For the 2016 Census, the ABS moved the 'No Religion' response category to be the first response category in the religion question. Prior to 2016, it was the last response category.

How does the number of Catholics in the 0-9 age group compare with the number of children baptised in the parish in the period 2012-2021?

What are the largest non-Catholic religious groups? What involvement does the parish have in ecumenical and interfaith activities and programs?

What challenges to the parish are associated with the increase in the number of people who report that they have no religion?



Notes: No Religion also includes Secular Beliefs and Other Spiritual Beliefs and No Religious Affiliation

Not Stated also includes Inadequately Described.

Table 9: Religious affiliation by age	0-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80+	Total
Western (Latin Rite) Catholic	527	625	361	427	479	516	417	274	109	3,735
Maronite Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melkite Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukrainian Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaldean Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Syro-Malabar Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Catholic	527	625	361	427	479	516	417	274	109	3,735
Per cent Catholic										
(of total population in age group)	22.0	25.5	19.6	19.7	21.5	24.0	22.2	23.4	23.7	22.3
Anglican	89	149	93	134	236	362	406	319	139	1,927
Orthodox	3	3	-	5	8	4	3	-	-	26
Other Christian	188	198	118	160	226	239	263	188	75	1,655
Non-Christian	72	94	69	94	99	61	47	22	6	564
No Religion	1,247	1,134	924	1,015	910	766	567	266	82	6,911
Not Stated	271	245	274	328	267	203	176	102	49	1,915
Total Population	2,397	2,448	1,839	2,163	2,225	2,151	1,879	1,171	460	16,733

Note: Since the 1996 Census, following consultation with the Eastern Catholic Bishops, Eastern Catholics have been counted separately from Western (or Latin Rite) Catholics. Catholics belonging to the Chaldean, Maronite, Melkite, Syro-Malabar or Ukrainian Catholic Churches have been requested by their Bishops NOT to tick the box marked 'Catholic' on the Census form, but rather to write, for example, 'Maronite Catholic' in the space provided. Those Eastern Catholics who were unaware of this request and who ticked the 'Catholic' box are counted as Western Catholics.



### Age and Sex

Table 10:	Males	Females	Total	Total
Age by sex	2021	2021	2021	2016
• • • • • • • • • •				
Age (years)				
0	18	17	35	60
1	27	19	46	52
2	31	10	41	61
3	19	26	45	79
4	24	26	50	73
5	33	39	72	68
6	27	29	56	85
7	21	13	34	78
8	38	32	70	97
9	35	40	75	76
10	28	27	55	90
11	35	38	73	81
12	37	28	65	97
13	28	36	64	98
14	37	23	60	81
15	42	32	74	78
16	25	40	65	89
17	36	35	71	92
18	32	16	48	64
19	20	21	41	59
20-24	87	108	195	228
25-29	70	108	178	242
30-34	78	125	203	300
35-39	94	129	223	263
40-44	93	125	218	307
45-49	129	136	265	317
50-54	104	145	249	331
55-59	111	149	260	240
60-64	101	126	227	217
65-69	86	107	193	185
70-74	76	83	159	131
75-79	49	59	108	92
80+	53	56	109	72
Total	1,724	2,003	3,727	4,483

#### NOTE REGARDING THE RANDOMISATION OF CENSUS DATA:

The Catholic population of the parish may be slightly different in different tables in this profile as a result of the randomisation procedure used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics in carrying out its statutory obligation to protect the confidentiality of individuals. This variation in figures does not impair the value of Census data as the Census is intended to be an instrument that paints a broad picture rather than a precise measurement of a particular locality. Care should be taken in interpreting small counts in tables. Note that figures below three are not reported.

The table on this page shows the number of Catholics in this parish in 2021, by age and sex, and compares the total number of Catholics in each age group with the figure in 2016.

In 1996, the median age of Catholics in Australia was 33 years; by 2021, this had risen to 43 years.

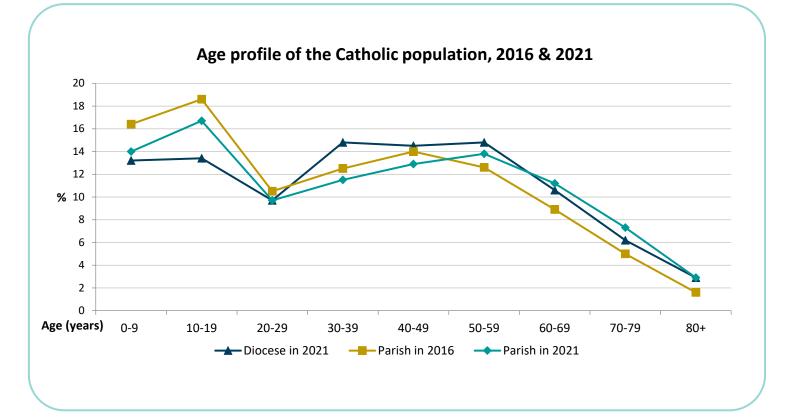
The age profile of parishioners is important information for parishes to take into account as it plans its activities. It is also important to keep an eye on how the age profile is changing over time—is the parish becoming older, younger or staying about the same? Each of these possibilities may require different pastoral responses.

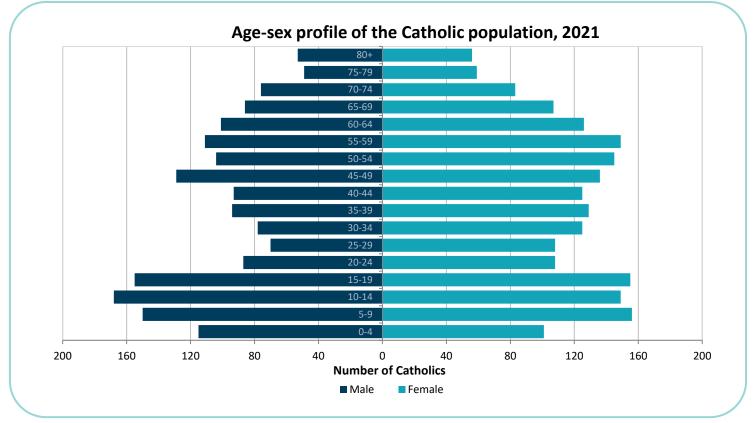
In 2021, among Australian Catholics as a whole, 53 per cent were female and 47 per cent were male. But it is not always like this. Among Catholics aged under 20, males slightly outnumbered females, whereas females accounted for 58 per cent of Catholics aged 75 or more. There are also local factors, such as the presence of particular industries or the different rates of movement to the cities by young men and women, that can affect the proportion of men and women in the Catholic population of the parish. These variations also raise pastoral issues.

Take time to study the table. Are there any surprises in it? Is there anything that calls for a new or modified response from the parish? What are the major changes since 2016? Can you get a sense from the table of what the parish age profile might look like in 2026, the year of the next Census?



Age and Sex





A CONTRACTOR

Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



The 2006 Census was the first to include the variable Core Activity Need for Assistance. The variable was developed to measure the number of people living with a profound or severe disability. The ABS defines this population as: "those people needing help or assistance in one or more of the three core activity areas of self-care, mobility and communication, because of a long-term health condition (lasting six months or more), a disability (lasting six months or more), or old age".<sup>1</sup> Most people who need assistance with core activities live either in a family or in a place such as a nursing home, where the care they need is provided. But many live alone. Often people with a disability report have fewer opportunities for social interaction.<sup>2</sup>

How many Catholics in your parish require assistance with core activities? How many of these live alone? How many are in the younger age groups? How many of your parishioners provide unpaid assistance to people living with a disability?

How might the parish respond pastorally to this information?

Table 11a: Need for assistance with core activities by age	0-14	15-44	45-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	Total		
Catholics who have need for assistance with core activities									
Family members:									
Males	17	11	15	10	12	5	70		
Females	6	12	10	18	13	7	66		
Lone Persons:									
Males	-	-	-	5	3	-	8		
Females	-	-	-	5	-	-	5		
Other non-family members or pers	ons not preser	nt in a housel	nold on Censu	Is night <sup>3</sup>					
Males	-	-	6	-	-	-	6		
Females	-	-	-	-	4	-	4		
Total									
Males	17	11	21	15	15	5	84		
Females	6	12	10	23	17	7	75		
Table 11b: Provision of unpaid	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and	Total		
assistance by age						over			
Catholics who provide unpaid assi	stance to a pe	rson with a d	isability <sup>4</sup>						
Males	12	7	15	24	37	27	122		
Females	5	24	46	60	66	52	253		

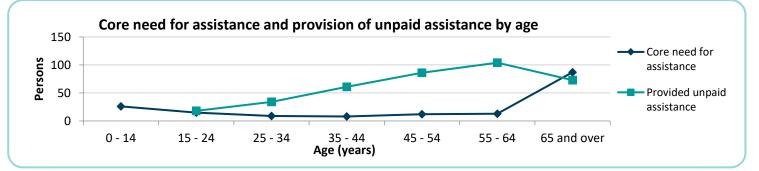
Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2021. Census of Population and Housing: Census Dictionary.

2. Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2022. People with disability in Australia /Social Inclusion. https://www.aihw.gov.au

3. Among people aged 75 and over, being in hospital or a nursing home is a major reason for not being in a household on Census night.

4. The Census question asked whether the respondent had provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability in the two weeks prior to the Census. The question is not applicable to persons aged 0-14.



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Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702 National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

### **Marital Status**

The marital status patterns of Australian Catholics have changed noticeably over the last two decades. At the time of the 1991 Census, 31 per cent of Australian Catholics aged 15 and over had never been married, 55 per cent were married, seven per cent were separated or divorced and six per cent were widowed. By the 2021 Census, these figures were respectively 33 per cent, 49 per cent, 12 per cent and six per cent. Since 1991, there has been a decline in the percentage of married Catholics and a rise in the percentage of those never married and those separated or divorced.

How might changes in marital status patterns affect the life of the Church in this parish? Do they result in the need for new pastoral services and programs?

The graph below shows, for each marital status, the percentage of Catholic men and women aged 15 years and older who lived in the parish at the time of the 2021 Census and who had changed address in the previous five years. Across Australia in 2021, 35 per cent of Catholics aged 15 and over had changed address since the previous Census.

Table 12: Registered marital status by sex and age	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15 and over								
Males								
Never married	234	96	58	46	36	10	-	480
Married	-	47	119	151	142	117	71	647
Separated or Divorced	-	8	12	32	29	27	10	118
Widowed	-	-	-	4	6	9	16	35
Total	234	151	189	233	213	163	97	1,280
Females								
Never married	261	113	59	43	31	4	7	518
Married	3	103	168	189	169	116	55	803
Separated or Divorced	-	15	29	44	60	27	8	183
Widowed	-	-	-	10	13	45	52	120
Total	264	231	256	286	273	192	122	1,624

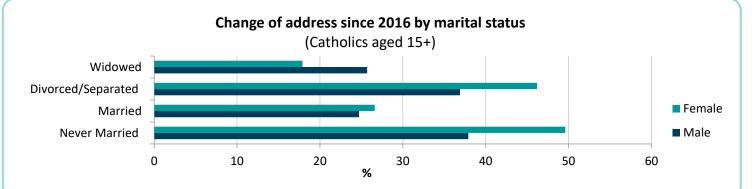


Table 13: Religious affiliation of couple by social marital status	In a registered marriage	In a de facto marriage	Total couples	% couples in de facto marriages
Both persons Catholic	334	61	395	15.4
One person Catholic, the other non-Catholic Christian	325	55	380	14.5
One Catholic, the other not Christian, not stated or temporarily absent	347	144	491	29.3
Total	1,006	260	1,266	20.5

Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



### **Families**

The table on this page shows family composition by weekly family income, with the median weekly family income for each type of family shown in the last column. Couple families are divided into three categories: both partners Catholic, Catholics with non-Catholic Christian partners, and Catholics with partners identifying with other religious traditions or none. The table includes partners in registered and de facto marriages.

Couples without children include those who have never had children as well as those whose children no longer live at home.

Take time to study the table. Does it suggest that Catholic families in the parish are mostly well off, OK or struggling financially?

How do the incomes of families with children living at home compare with those with no children living at home? How well does the parish connect with one-parent families? Note that the income of one-parent families is likely to be much lower than that of two-parent families.

Are families with both parents Catholic a majority or a minority of Catholic families in your parish? What implications might this have for the way the parish connects to families?

Table 14: Family composition <sup>1</sup> by weekly family income	Less than \$500	\$500 - \$799	\$800 - \$1,249	\$1,250 - \$1,999	\$2,000 - \$2,999	\$3,000 - \$3,999	\$4,000 or more	Income not fully stated	Total families	Median Weekly Family Income <sup>2</sup> (\$)
Two-parent families with children at home:										
Both parents Catholic	6	-	7	39	69	46	37	11	215	2,724
One parent Catholic, the other Christian, but not Catholic	-	3	6	22	37	33	38	15	154	3,045
One parent Catholic, the other Non-Christian, No Religion or Not stated	-	-	5	40	87	51	44	6	233	2,787
Couple with no children living at ho	me:									
Both partners Catholic	14	26	15	35	38	28	22	5	183	1,978
One partner Catholic, the other Christian, but not Catholic	15	39	33	41	48	21	21	3	221	1,652
One partner Catholic, the other Non-Christian, No Religion or Not stated	5	14	17	37	52	32	17	-	174	2,269
<b>One-parent families:</b> Parent is Catholic	24	21	33	43	21	7	-	27	176	1,202
Other families where at least one person is Catholic	7	5	14	30	26	17	11	4	114	1,975
Other: Reference person Catholic but spouse temporarily absent <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89	89	-
Total	71	108	130	287	378	235	190	160	1,559	2,273

Notes:

 A family is defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household. Family members who live elsewhere are not included in the Census definition. For Census purposes, a Catholic family is defined as a family in which at least one person is Catholic.

2. Median weekly family income: fifty percent of families have a higher income, fifty percent a lower income. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over.

3. The religious affiliation of a temporarily absent spouse is not recorded, hence families in this category could belong to any one of the first six categories above.



### **Families**

Table 15: Weekly family income by number of dependent children	0 dependent children	1 dependent child	2 dependent children	3 dependent children	4 or more	Total
Less than \$500	38	8	11	3	-	60
\$500-\$799	82	10	16	-	-	108
\$800-\$1,249	77	19	16	12	-	124
\$1,250-\$1,999	171	45	41	15	3	275
\$2,000-\$2,999	177	61	68	45	8	359
\$3,000-\$3,999	112	32	54	28	3	229
\$4,000 or more	96	34	38	11	4	183
Income not fully stated	62	26	31	19	-	138
Total Families	815	235	275	133	18	1,476
Median Weekly Family Income (\$)	2,048	2,368	2,558	2,600	2,750	2,273

Note: Table population is Catholic families. Dependent children include all children aged 0-14 and dependent students aged 15-24. Some figures may differ from figures in other similar tables (i.e. Table 14) due to the randomisation process used by the ABS – see note at the bottom of page 10.

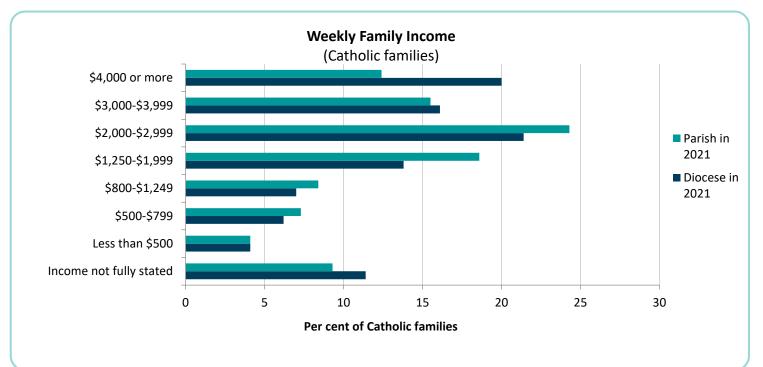


Table 16: Social marital status by number of dependent children	0 dependent children	1 dependent child	2 dependent children	3 dependent children	4 or more	Total
Family Composition:						
Married couple family (at least one partner Catholic)	578	141	174	94	17	1,004
De facto couple family (at least one partner Catholic)	171	41	33	16	10	271
One parent family, parent Catholic	58	51	51	14	7	181
Other families where at least one person is Catholic	51	25	25	13	4	118
Total families	858	258	283	137	38	1,574

Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

### **Households**



The Australian Bureau of Statistics defines a household as one or more persons, at least one of whom is at least 15 years of age, usually resident in the same private dwelling.<sup>1</sup> Non-private dwellings such as motels, guest houses, prisons, religious institutions and nursing homes are not included in household statistics. A household can consist of one or more families, non-family groups or persons living alone.

The figures on this page refer to households in which at least one person is Catholic.<sup>2</sup>

There were 9,808,428 households in Australia in 2021. At least one Catholic person lived in 2,567,352 households, or 26 per cent of all households. Seventy-seven per cent of these Catholic households were family households and, of the Catholic family households, 77 per cent were occupied dwellings that were owned or being purchased.

What is the current housing situation in this parish? For example, is there a sufficient stock of rental properties available? Are there areas with large numbers of new houses? Are families under stress to pay rent or meet mortgage repayments? What aspects of the parish's pastoral strategies relate to housing issues?

Table 17: Household composition by tenure type	Fully owned or being purchased	Rented from State or Territory Housing Authority	Rented from other landlord, or landlord not stated	Other households	Total households	Per cent owned or being purchased
Family households	1,208	48	298	33	1,587	76.1
Lone person aged under 35 years	24	-	18	-	42	57.1
Lone person aged 35 years or ove	er 171	7	44	10	232	73.7
Group households	18	-	14	-	32	56.3
Total households	1,421	55	374	43	1,893	75.1

Table 18: Household composition by monthly housing loan repayment	\$1-\$599	\$600- \$999	\$1,000- 1,599	\$1,600- \$2,199	\$2,200- \$2,799	\$2,800 or more	Median monthly household loan repayment (\$)
Family households	36	77	184	205	69	96	1,706
Lone person aged under 35 years	-	3	11	5	-	-	1,354
Lone person aged 35 years or over	5	16	25	8	-	-	1,144
Group households	-	-	4	-	-	-	1,300
Total households	41	96	224	218	69	96	1,630

Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2021. Census of Population and Housing: Census Dictionary.

2. For Census purposes, a Catholic household is any household in which at least one person is Catholic.



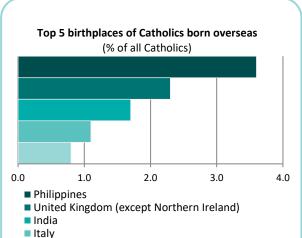
### **Birthplace**

Catholics born overseas, especially those born in non-English-speaking countries, are likely to have different approaches to faith and spirituality, and different experiences and expectations of Church life, from those of Catholics born in Australia.

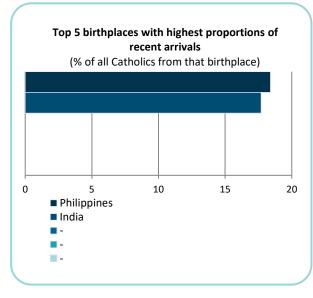
What are the major groups of overseas-born Catholics in your parish?

What difference does their presence make to the parish?

How might the parish better connect with those who have only recently arrived?



Ireland (including Northern Ireland)



	All Catholics	% of Catholics	% recent arrivals <sup>1</sup>				
Table 19: Birthplace							
Australia	3,163	84.9	-				
New Zealand	25	0.7	-				
Other Oceania	4	0.1	-				
United Kingdom (except Northern Ireland)	85	2.3	-				
Ireland (including Northern Ireland)	29	0.8	-				
Italy	40	1.1	-				
Malta	4	0.1	-				
Spain and Portugal	3	0.1	-				
France	5	0.1	-				
Netherlands	7	0.2	-				
Germany	11	0.3	-				
Austria	8	0.2	-				
Croatia and other Former Yugoslavia	-	-	-				
Poland	3	0.1	-				
Hungary	-	-	-				
Other Eastern Europe, Russian Federation and Baltic States	-	-	-				
Other Europe NEC	-	-	-				
Vietnam	8	0.2	_				
Philippines	134	3.6	18.4				
Indonesia	- 134	5.0	- 10.4				
Malaysia	-	-	-				
Singapore			_				
South East Asia NEC	7	0.2	_				
India	, 62	1.7	17.7				
Sri Lanka	- 02	1.7	17.7				
China (except Hong Kong and Taiwan)		-	_				
Hong Kong (SAR of China)			_				
Korea, Republic of (South)	6	0.2	_				
Egypt	0	0.2					
Lebanon							
Iraq							
Sudan (including South Sudan)							
Middle East and North Africa NEC	4	0.1	_				
South Africa	22	0.1	_				
Mauritius	4	0.0	_				
United States of America	4 11	0.1	-				
Canada	7	0.2					
	,	0.2	-				
Argentina Brazil	- 6	- 0.2	-				
Colombia	7	0.2	-				
Chile	/	0.2	-				
Contral America and South America NEC	- 3	-	-				
Other countries	-	0.1	- 000				
	11	0.3	38.9				
Inadequately described/Not stated Total	46 <b>3,725</b>	1.2 <b>100.0</b>	- 1.3				

Notes:

1. % recent arrivals = the percentage of Catholics who were born in the named country and who arrived in Australia between 2018 and 2021 inclusive.

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified



Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



#### Language

In 2021, around 22 per cent of Australia's Catholics spoke a language other than English at home, and three per cent were not proficient in English. People who do not speak English well can face practical problems in education, employment and access to services. On the other hand, it is important to many people from a non-English-speaking background to maintain and promote, for reasons of cultural continuity and identity, the use of their home language.<sup>1</sup>

How many Catholics in this parish speak a language other than English at home? How many have difficulty with English? Difficulty in speaking English can affect how well a person can participate in parish life.

Does this parish need to review the pastoral support it offers to parishioners who do not speak English well in relation to, for example, prayer and liturgy, inclusiveness in parish events, translation of written material, and access to priests and other pastoral ministers who speak their language?

Table 20: Language spoken at home by religious affiliation	Catholic	Not Catholic (or not stated)	All persons	% Catholics among speakers <sup>2</sup>
English only	3,370	10,310	13,680	24.6
Italian	66	8	74	89.2
Maltese	-	-	-	-
Spanish	7	13	20	35.0
Croatian	-	-	-	-
Polish	-	-	-	-
Dutch	-	11	11	-
French	-	17	17	-
German	5	48	53	9.4
Portuguese	4	12	16	25.0
Hungarian	5	-	5	100.0
Ukrainian	-	-	-	-
Vietnamese	8	35	43	18.6
Filipino languages	105	43	148	70.9
Chinese languages	5	70	75	6.7
Malayalam	67	28	95	70.5
Sinhalese	-	18	18	-
Korean	-	-	-	-
Indonesian and Malay	-	176	176	-
Arabic	-	29	29	-
Assyrian and Chaldean	-	-	-	-
Oceanic and Papuan languages	9	29	38	23.7
Australian Indigenous languages	15	48	63	23.8
Other European languages NEC	8	173	181	4.4
Other Asian languages NEC	8	136	144	5.6
Other languages NEC	13	75	88	14.8
Inadequately described/Non-Verbal/Not stated	30	1,722	1,752	1.7
Total	3,725	13,001	16,726	22.3

Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.11.

2. The percentage of Catholics among the speakers of these languages in Australia.

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified



Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702 National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

### Language

Why does the proportion of people not speaking English well vary for different languages spoken at home? Part of the explanation lies in differences in average period of residence of the various language groups. Another factor is 'cultural distance': the more people from a particular culture share the customs, beliefs and lifestyles with the majority Australian culture, the easier it will be for them to overcome language barriers. A third factor is the size of the language group and the pattern of settlement. The concentration of large numbers of speakers in a region tends to reinforce the use of that language.<sup>1</sup>

What are the most commonly spoken languages other than English among the Catholics of this parish? Are speakers of some languages more likely than others to have difficulty with English? Can you see the influence of the three factors outlined above reflected in the figures on this page?

Table 21: Language spoken at home by age	0-4	5-11	12-19	20-29	30-49	50-64	65 and over	Total	% who do not speak English well
English	198	387	479	331	784	676	513	3,368	-
Italian	-	3	4	-	10	19	29	65	12.9
Maltese	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spanish	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	5	-
Croatian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Polish	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	5	-
Dutch	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	-
French	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
German	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Portuguese	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hungarian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukrainian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnamese	-	3	-	3	-	-	4	10	28.6
Filipino languages	7	-	9	15	46	20	5	102	2.9
Chinese languages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malayalam	3	18	4	-	34	7	-	66	4.7
Sinhalese	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Korean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indonesian and Malay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arabic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assyrian and Chaldean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oceanic and Papuan languages	-	3	-	-	3	-	-	6	-
Australian Indigenous Languages	-	3	8	-	3	6	-	20	-
Other European languages NEC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Asian languages NEC	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	8	-
Other languages NEC	-	-	-	-	5	6	-	11	-
Inadequately described/Non-Verbal/ Not stated	4	7	3	3	5	-	7	29	-
Total	212	424	507	352	908	734	566	3,703	0.5

Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.12-13.

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified



Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

# Attendance at Educational Institutions



According to the 2021 Census, more than 767,800 Australians attended Catholic schools, accounting for almost 21 per cent of all school students in Australia. In 2021, there were 847,500 Catholic students—almost one in six of all Catholics—attending Government, Catholic, and other non-Government schools. A further 326,700 Catholics were involved in some form of post-secondary education. The Church of today, not just of tomorrow, is being shaped by the attitudes, beliefs and lifestyles of these young people.

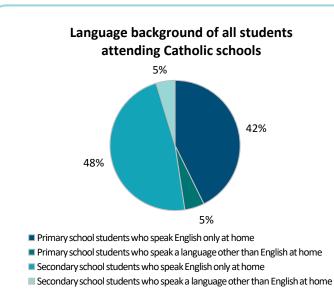
The pie-chart below shows the language background of all primary and secondary school students in your parish, both Catholic and non-Catholic, attending Catholic schools. Nationally, around 17 per cent of all students in Catholic schools speak a language other than English at home. The adjacent bar-chart shows the educational participation rate of Catholic males and females in each of the three age groups.

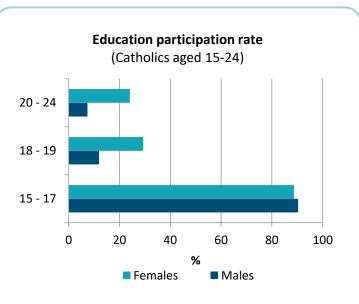
How does the parish connect with Catholic students at primary, secondary and tertiary levels, especially those not attending Catholic schools?

Table 22: Type of educational institution attending by           religious affiliation	Catholic	Not Catholic or not stated	All persons	% Catholic
Infants/Primary – Government	136	790	926	14.7
Infants/Primary – Catholic	252	142	394	64.0
Infants/Primary – Other Non-Government	26	201	227	11.5
Secondary – Government	120	512	632	19.0
Secondary – Catholic	218	215	433	50.3
Secondary – Other Non-Government	25	149	174	14.4
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	103	333	436	23.6
University or other Tertiary Institutions	58	201	259	22.4
Other (including pre-school)	101	351	452	22.3
Not stated/Not applicable <sup>1</sup>	2,699	10,102	12,801	21.1
Total	3,738	12,996	16,734	22.3

Note:

1. This table includes the total population of the parish and so there are high numbers for categories where the question about type of educational institutions being attended is not applicable.





Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



### **Attendance at Educational Institutions**

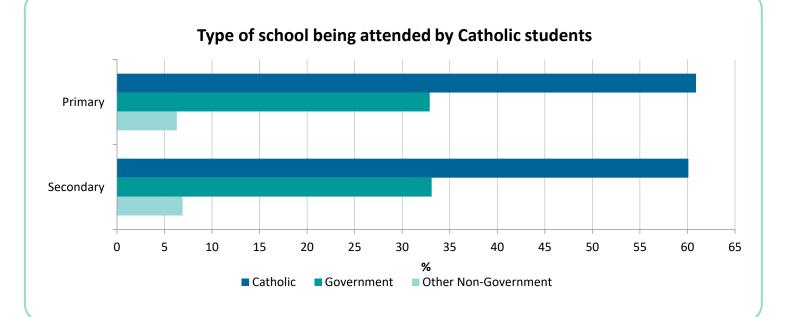
Table 23: Type of educationalinstitution attending by weeklyincome of student's family1	Less than \$500	\$500 - \$799	\$800 - \$1,249	\$1,250 - \$1,999	\$2,000 - \$2,999	\$3,000 - \$3,999	\$4,000 or more	Total <sup>2</sup>	Median annual family income <sup>3</sup> (\$)
Infants/Primary - Government	13	5	8	24	28	28	13	127	121,962
Infants/Primary – Catholic	3	14	11	21	74	61	28	248	144,436
Infants/Primary – Other Non-Government	-	-	-	-	7	4	10	25	202,054
Secondary – Government	3	8	3	27	17	21	19	109	128,793
Secondary – Catholic	6	4	12	15	54	51	45	211	158,984
Secondary – Other Non-Government	-	-	-	4	-	3	14	21	221,607
TAFE, University or other tertiary institution	-	-	-	3	4	8	4	19	172,697
Other (including pre-school)	-	-	3	8	16	3	5	39	125,456
Not stated/Not applicable	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	53,446
Total	25	31	40	102	200	179	138	802	145,844

Notes:

1. Because the population of this table is dependent children aged 5-14 and dependent students aged 15-24, the figures in the table refer to individuals, not families. The table shows, for example, the number of Catholic students attending Catholic primary schools whose families have a weekly income in the range \$1,250-\$1,999. A brother and sister at the same school would account for TWO of the cases in this category.

2. A column of figures for "Family income not fully stated, or not stated at all" has been omitted from the table, but the missing figures are included in the Total column.

3. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over (refer to the definition of family on page 7).



Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

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### **Educational Qualifications**

Both the percentage of Catholics with university degrees and the gender balance of Catholics with degrees have changed dramatically in recent decades due to the upsurge in young people, especially women, undertaking tertiary study and the upgrading of courses such as nursing to degree status. In 1991, less than seven per cent of Australian Catholics aged 15 or over had a degree; by 2021, that figure had reached 25 per cent. Among Catholics aged 15 to 34 years in 2021, 30 per cent of women had a degree compared to 19 per cent of men. In contrast, among Catholics aged 55 and over, just under 17 per cent of both men and women had degrees.

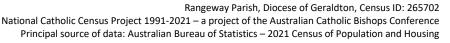
To what extent has participation in higher education in theology and related fields kept pace in this parish with participation in higher education in general? What new challenges and opportunities are presented to the parish as a result of the increase in the number of Catholics with a university education?

The increased level of participation in higher education by women is a reflection of significant changes in women's roles and responsibilities in society.<sup>1</sup> How have women's roles and responsibilities in the parish changed in the last two decades?

Table 24: Highest qualification attained by age and sex	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15+							•
Males							
Postgraduate degree	-	-	6	5	-	-	11
Graduate diploma / bachelor degree	9	21	23	30	18	13	114
Advanced diploma or diploma level	-	8	26	25	22	14	95
Certificate level	58	89	78	91	79	60	455
Inadequately described/Not stated/Not applicable	181	32	46	79	98	169	605
Total	248	150	179	230	217	256	1,280
Per cent with degree or higher	3.6	14.0	16.2	15.2	8.3	5.1	9.8
Females							
Postgraduate degree	-	9	7	-	6	-	22
Graduate diploma / bachelor degree	14	68	75	52	32	23	264
Advanced diploma or diploma level	12	21	30	37	30	22	152
Certificate level	59	76	74	70	60	26	365
Inadequately described/Not stated/Not applicable	177	64	61	112	150	239	803
Total	262	238	247	271	278	310	1,606
Per cent with degree or higher	5.3	32.4	33.2	19.2	13.7	7.4	17.8
All Catholics							
Postgraduate degree	-	9	13	5	6	-	33
Graduate diploma / bachelor degree	23	89	98	82	50	36	378
Advanced diploma or diploma level	12	29	56	62	52	36	247
Certificate level	117	165	152	161	139	86	820
Inadequately described/Not stated/Not applicable	358	96	107	191	248	408	1,408
Total	510	388	426	501	495	566	2,886
Per cent with degree or higher	4.5	25.3	26.1	17.4	11.3	6.4	, 14.2

Note:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.83.



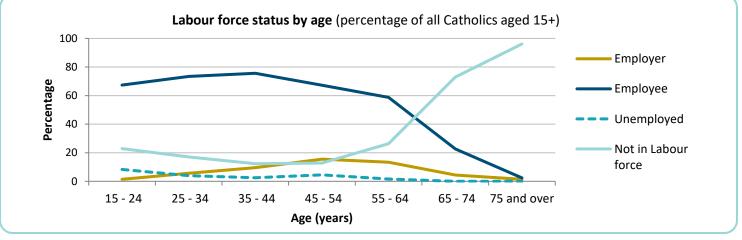


### **Employment**

In recent years there have been many changes in society and the workplace that have affected Australian workers. One major change has been the increase in the percentages of workers, especially young people and women, in part-time jobs. Another has been the rise in participation in the labour force by women. A third major change has been the rise in participation in the labour force by women. A third major change has been the rise in participation in the labour force by women. A third major change has been the rise in participation in the labour force by older workers, following the removal of incentives to early retirement and resulting in the continuing availability of their skills, experience and maturity in the workplace.<sup>1</sup> Changes in labour force participation also influence the availability and size of the volunteer workforce, and can both reduce and change the pattern of workers' leisure time.

Have any of the changes described above had a noticeable impact on Catholic life in this parish?

Table 25: Labour force status by age and sex	15-24	25-44	45-64	65 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15+					
Males					
Employer	6	36	85	19	146
Employee	152	251	279	38	720
Unemployed	17	13	15	-	45
Not in the labour force	64	26	61	195	346
Other/Not stated/Not applicable	-	4	4	4	12
Total	239	330	444	256	1,269
Per cent in labour force <sup>2</sup>	73.2	90.9	85.4	22.3	71.8
Per cent unemployed <sup>3</sup>	9.7	4.3	4.0	-	4.9
Females					
Employer	3	29	57	7	96
Employee	189	353	355	43	940
Unemployed	19	6	16	-	41
Not in the labour force	53	91	125	257	526
Other/Not stated/Not applicable	-	4	-	7	11
Total	264	483	553	314	1,614
Per cent in labour force <sup>2</sup>	79.9	80.3	77.4	15.9	66.7
Per cent unemployed <sup>3</sup>	9.0	1.5	3.7	-	3.8



#### Notes:

- 1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2004. Australian Social Trends 2004. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.115.
- 2. The percentage of Catholics in each age group who are in the labour force (i.e. employed or seeking employment).
- 3. The percentage of Catholics in each age group who were in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.



Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



Catholic women are more likely to be employed as managers or professionals; 39 per cent of Catholic women and 35 per cent of Catholic men aged 15 and over who reported their occupation in the 2021 Census worked as managers or professionals. But men were much more likely than women—45 per cent compared to 12 per cent—to have a 'blue collar' occupation. The largest occupational category for Catholic men in Australia is Technicians and Trades Workers. For women, it is Professionals.

Table 26: Occupation by age and sex	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15+							
Males							
Managers	-	11	30	31	29	20	121
Professionals	-	8	29	28	26	10	101
Technicians & Trade Workers	61	54	59	59	27	8	268
Community & Personal Service Workers	8	12	10	21	20	4	75
Clerical & Administrative Workers	3	7	4	9	3	-	26
Sales Workers	27	8	-	4	9	4	52
Machinery operators & Drivers	12	11	18	31	34	12	118
Labourers	42	21	14	26	10	3	116
ID / NS / NA <sup>1</sup>	90	20	21	31	52	206	420
Total	243	152	185	240	210	267	1,297
Per cent Managers & Professionals <sup>2</sup>	-	14.4	36.0	28.2	34.8	49.2	25.3
Per cent 'blue collar workers' <sup>2</sup>	75.2	65.2	55.5	55.5	44.9	37.7	57.2
Females							
Managers	6	4	20	18	26	4	78
Professionals	18	64	61	51	37	9	240
Technicians & Trade Workers	13	11	9	7	3	-	43
Community & Personal Service Workers	61	35	42	42	31	9	220
Clerical & Administrative Workers	20	29	41	51	43	11	195
Sales Workers	60	18	19	22	10	3	132
Machinery operators & Drivers	3	3	7	10	3	-	26
Labourers	17	6	12	18	25	8	86
ID / NS / NA <sup>1</sup>	74	56	47	58	87	264	586
Total	272	226	258	277	265	308	1,606
Per cent Managers & Professionals <sup>2</sup>	12.1	40.0	38.4	31.5	35.4	29.5	, 31.2
Per cent 'blue collar workers' <sup>2</sup>	16.7	11.8	13.3	16.0	17.4	18.2	15.2
All Catholics							
Managers	6	15	50	49	55	24	199
Professionals	18	72	90	79	63	19	341
Technicians & Trade Workers	74	65	68	66	30	8	311
Community & Personal Service Workers	69	47	52	63	51	13	295
Clerical & Administrative Workers	23	36	45	60	46	11	221
Sales Workers	87	26	19	26	19	7	184
Machinery operators & Drivers	15	14	25	41	37	12	144
Labourers	59	27	26	44	35	11	202
ID / NS / NA <sup>1</sup>	164	76	68	89	139	470	1,006
Total	515	378	443	517	475	575	2,903
Per cent Managers & Professionals <sup>2</sup>	6.8	28.8	37.3	29.9	35.1	41.0	28.5
Per cent 'blue collar workers' <sup>2</sup>	42.2	35.1	31.7	35.3	30.4	29.5	34.6

Notes:

1. ID = Inadequately described; NS = Not stated; NA = Not applicable.

2. See Notes 1 and 2 on page 5 for the type of occupations covered by the terms 'Managers & Professionals' and 'blue collar'.



Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702 National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

### Occupation



Occupation, like qualifications, is an indicator of socioeconomic status. It can also indicate the types of skills and interests that parishioners have.

What are the major occupations for male and female Catholics in this parish? What do you think accounts for differences in occupation between the sexes?

What are the major occupations of younger people? Middle-aged people? Older people? What do you think accounts for differences in occupation between the different age groups?

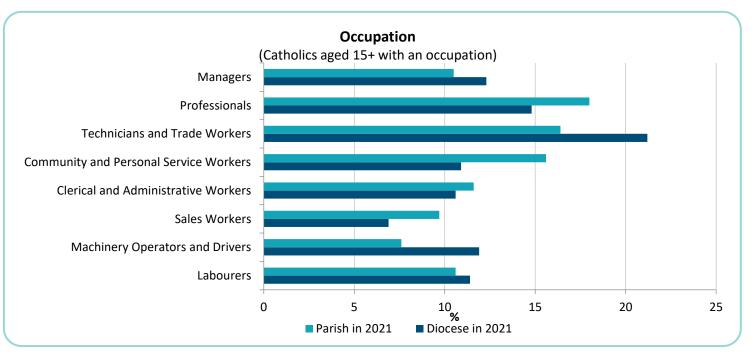
Are there any figures that strike you as being unexpectedly large or small? How can this information help the parish connect more effectively with parishioners?

Table 27: Occupation of parents of students attending Catholic schools	Primary School (%)	Secondary School (%)
Both parents in professional occupation	21	28
One parent or lone parent in professional occupation	94	109
Both parents in 'white collar' occupation <sup>1</sup>	55	79
One parent or lone parent in 'white collar' occupation	98	105
Both parents in 'blue collar' occupation <sup>2</sup>	5	19
One parent or lone parent in 'blue collar' occupation	29	22
Not applicable and not stated	92	80
Total	394	442
% with professional parent(s)	29.2	31.0
% with blue collar parent(s)	8.6	9.3

Note:

1. 'White collar' includes occupations such as managers, community and personal service workers, clerical and administrative workers and sales workers.

2. See Note 2 on page 5 for the type of occupations covered by the term 'blue collar'.





Rangeway Parish, Diocese of Geraldton, Census ID: 265702

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

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## The National Centre for Pastoral Research website allows you to view the Social Profiles online.

Visit the website to obtain:

- Social Profiles for any diocese or parish in Australia
- A Social Profile for the Catholic population of Australia
- Helpful hints on using the Census data
- Reports on the National Count of Attendance
- Research reports from the Fifth Plenary Council of Australia
- Results of other research projects conducted by the National Centre for Pastoral Research



This profile has been created by the staff of the ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research as part of the National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021.

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