



PARISH SOCIAL PROFILE

Based on the 2021 Australian Census

Tumut Parish

Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn

Census ID: 111858



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AUSTRALIAN CATHOLIC BISHOPS CONFERENCE Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research

December 2023

Dear readers,

The Australian Catholic Bishops Conference is pleased to make available to you this profile of the Catholic population of your parish.

I hope that you will find it to be a valuable tool for your parish's pastoral planning by helping you understand the local Catholic community and assess its needs. Parish pastoral councils, in particular, will find it a useful resource.

The data in this profile have been sourced from the Australian Census, which is carried out every five years by the Australian Bureau of Statistics. Most of the data comes from the 2021 Census, but some comparisons are provided with 2016 and earlier years.

It is important to remember that most of the data in this profile applies to all those people living within the boundaries of your parish who identified themselves as Catholic in the Census. Census data inform us about a population's demographic characteristics, but not about their religious practice.

This social profile, produced for every Catholic parish in Australia, is an outcome of the National Catholic Census Project established by the Bishops Conference at the time of the 1991 Census. This project is managed by the ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research. The Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research is most grateful to the Centre's staff for the work that they do in providing demographic resources for parishes and dioceses, including this social profile.

This profile is provided to you free of charge by the Bishops Conference as part of its commitment to the support of parish life. I trust that you find it informative, useful and thought-provoking.

Yours sincerely,

Gabrielle Mi Mallen

(Professor) Gabrielle McMullen AM Chair, Australian Catholic Council for Pastoral Research

Your Parish Social Profile

At a Glance (pages 2 and 3)

Provides a brief glance at some key demographic indicators for your parish.

Page

Page

Parish Snapshot	2
What has changed in your parish since 2016?	3

Parish Overview (pages 4-7)

Provides a clear overview of the Catholic community of your parish and how it is changing – a useful tool for pastoral planning.

Overview Tables

1.	Population	4
2.	Disability	4
3.	Occupation and Employment	5
4.	Birthplace, Indigenous Status and Language	5
5.	Education	6
6.	Marital Status	7
7.	Families	7
8.	Households	7

Parish Details (pages 9-25)

Provides much more detail about the Catholics of your parish, allowing for deeper analysis of the nature of the Catholic community as you plan in particular areas of ministry.

Detailed Topics

Page

Religious Affiliation9
Age and Sex10
Disability12
Marital Status13
Families14
Households16
Birthplace17
Language18
Attendance at Educational Institutions
Educational Qualifications22
Employment23
Occupation24



Your Parish Community

Pastoral planning is the process of a Catholic community organising itself to carry out the mission of the Church in its own locality. It is a process built upon a parish's knowledge in three areas:

- Knowing its vision—its aspiration for itself.
- Knowing what sort of people make up the Catholic community and the general community.
- Knowing the resources (strengths, gifts and circumstances) available to the parish to realise the vision.

This Parish Social Profile has been developed as a resource for pastoral planning, and it focuses on the second two of these three areas of knowledge.

The Church strongly encourages pastoral planning. As Pope John Paul II said:

"I earnestly exhort the Pastors of the particular Churches, with the help of all sectors of God's People, confidently to plan the stages of the journey ahead, harmonising the choices of each diocesan community with those of neighbouring Churches and of the universal Church ... It is not a matter of inventing a 'new program'. The program already exists: it is the plan found in the Gospel and in the living Tradition." Novo Millennio Ineunte #29

Pope Francis reminds that all renewal must be grounded in:

"... a missionary impulse capable of transforming everything, so that the Church's customs, ways of doing things, times and schedules, language and structures can be suitably channelled for the evangelisation of today's world rather than for her self-preservation." Evangelii Gaudium #27

By giving a clear picture of the parish's demographic reality, this profile helps the parish leaders name its strengths and shortcomings and better understand how it might use the resources it has to pursue the mission of the Church.

A SNAPSHOT OF YOUR PARISH (2021)

Total Population: 8,721

Catholic Population: 2,245

Catholics make up 25.7 per cent of the total population

Median age of Catholics is 41 years

Total Catholic families: 888

252 Catholics live alone

137 Catholics were born overseas

5 Catholics do not speak English well

139 Catholics need assistance with core activities

827 Catholics have changed address since 2016

What has changed in your parish since 2016?

This chart will help you identify at a glance changes in some of the key indicators for Catholics in the parish between 2016 and 2021, and may alert you to possible trends that are occurring. The 2016 and 2021 figures are drawn from the Parish Overview tables on pages 4-7. All figures in this table refer to Catholics only. The term 'Catholic' in this report refers to all persons who identified themselves as Catholics in the Census, not only those who have some form of active association with the Church.

	Parish in 2016	Parish in 2021
Catholic population	2,386	2,245
Catholics aged 0-14 (%)	24.5	21.8
Catholics aged 65+ (%)	16.9	19.2
Catholics born in NESC ¹ (%)	3.1	4.1
Catholics not proficient in English (%)	0.1	-
Catholic families	951	888
Catholics living alone	225	252
Catholic students attending Catholic schools ² (%)	38.3	39.4
Catholics with university degree (%)	10.6	12.7
Catholic males in labour force (%)	70.0	69.9
Catholic females in labour force (%)	57.6	63.0
Catholic households owning or purchasing dwelling (%)	74.4	76.0

Notes:

1. NESC = Non-English-Speaking Country as defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

2. The percentage of all students who are Catholic attending Catholic schools.

NOTE ON COMPARABILITY WITH 2016 FIGURES:

The boundaries of some parishes changed between 2016 and 2021. These boundary changes mean that, in these parishes, figures for 2016 and 2021 may not be comparable. Where parishes have been amalgamated between 2016 and 2021, the 2021 figures in this profile refer to the overall figures for the parishes involved. Prior to 2021, persons living on Australian Defence Force bases were excluded from the Parish Social Profiles figures and were counted within the Military Ordinariate of Australia figures. For 2021, such persons have been included in the geographical parish in which the military base is located. The overall result of inclusion in 2021 figures is negligible.



Table 1: Population (for more details on Population and Religion see page 9).

The Parish Profile begins by looking at the total population living within the parish boundaries, and the percentage who identified as Catholic. The rest of the figures in this overview refer only to these Catholics, except where otherwise indicated.

How has the make-up of the parish population changed over the last five years? Of the changes identified here, which do you think have been particularly significant for the life of the parish?

Table 1: Population ¹	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group ²	Australian Group ²
Total population ³	8,721	8,208	734,694	25,422,788	3	4
Catholic population	2,245	2,386	151,053	5,075,910	3	4
Per cent Catholic	25.7	29.1	20.6	20.0	1	1
At same address since previous Census (%)	63.2	59.8	58.9	59.4	3	3
Median age ⁴ (years)	41	38	43	43	4	4
Aged 0-14 (%)	21.8	24.5	18.4	17.9	1	1
Aged 65+ (%)	19.2	16.9	20.0	19.9	4	4
Males per 100 females	91.5	93.4	89.8	89.1	3	2

Table 2: Disability (for more details on Disability and Carers see page 12).

Table 2 shows the percentage of Catholics living with a disability to the extent that they require assistance for some core activities (i.e. they need help or assistance with self-care, communication or mobility). It also shows the percentage of Catholics who provide unpaid assistance to a person living with some form of disability.

In what particular ways does the parish support people living with disabilities and their carers?

Table 2: Disability	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Need assistance with core activities (%)	6.2	4.4	6.2	6.7	3	3
Provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability ⁵ (% of Catholics aged 15+)	12.8	12.3	14.1	13.5	4	4

Notes:

1. All figures in this report refer to Catholics only, except for Total Population and certain other clearly indicated figures.

2. A Diocesan (or Australian) Group value of 1 signifies that the parish is in the 20% of parishes with the highest value for this item in the diocese (or in Australia); a value of 5 signifies that the parish is in the 20% of parishes with the lowest value for this item in the diocese (or in Australia).

3. The population figures for the parish, diocese and Australia do not include overseas visitors.

4. Median Age: Half the Catholic population are above this age, half are below it. A Diocesan (or Australian) Group value of 1 signifies that the parish is in the 20% of parishes with the highest median age.

5. The Census asked whether a person had provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability in the two weeks prior to the Census.

Table 3: Employment (for more details on Occupation and Employment see pages 23-25).

The extent to which people are involved in the labour force, and the type of work they are doing, influences and shapes many aspects of the community's life.

How might the changes in the employment status of Catholics over the last five years have affected your parish?

Table 3: Employment	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Managers and Professionals ¹ (% of those recording an occupation)	27.3	28.4	41.7	37.1	5	5
Workers in 'blue collar' occupations ² (% of those recording an occupation)	37.0	40.8	23.8	28.1	1	2
Men, employed or seeking work ³ (%)	70.3	70.0	68.3	66.5	2	2
Women, employed or seeking work ³ (%)	63.0	57.6	63.6	59.7	3	2
Unemployed at time of Census ⁴ (%)	3.6	4.7	3.1	4.2	2	3
Youth unemployed at time of Census ⁵ (%)	7.6	6.3	7.0	8.9	3	4

Table 4: Birthplace and Language (for more details on Birthplace and Language see pages 17-19).

This table begins to explore the ethnic balance of the parish's Catholic community, which may highlight greater needs related to communication and inclusiveness.

Is there a need for the parish to review the way it addresses the needs of recently arrived Catholic migrants? How does the cultural mix of the parish compare to that of the rest of the diocese and of Australia as a whole?

Table 4: Birthplace, Indigenous Status & Language	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Born overseas in English-speaking country ⁶ (%)	1.6	2.2	3.6	5.5	4	5
Born overseas in non-English-speaking country (%)	4.1	3.1	15.3	21.4	4	5
Immigrants from non-English-speaking countries arriving in Census year or previous 3 years	8	9	2,008	97,457	4	5
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders	205	163	4,587	135,686	1	1
Speak language other than English at home (%)	4.5	2.8	14.8	21.5	4	5
Not proficient in English ⁷ (%)	-	0.1	1.3	2.7	-	-

Notes:

 This group includes, for example, farmers and farm managers, sales, marketing and production managers, education and health service managers, retail managers, school principals and school teachers, medical practitioners, nurses, scientists, arts and media professionals, accountants, engineers and IT professionals.

2. This group includes, for example, toolmakers, technicians, electricians, carpenters, plumbers, bakers and chefs, veterinary nurses, hairdressers, machinery operators, drivers, cleaners and labourers.

3. The percentage of Catholics aged 15+ who are in the labour force (i.e. employed or seeking employment).

- 4. The percentage of Catholics aged 15+ who are in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.
- 5. The percentage of Catholics aged 15-24 who are in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.
- 6. New Zealand, United Kingdom, Ireland, United States, Canada and South Africa.
- 7. Percentage of all Catholics who reported that they spoke English not well, or not at all.



National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Table 5: Education (for more details on Education and Qualifications see pages 20-22).

Knowing the proportions of students in your parish and the type of educational institution they are attending can be important even if your parish does not have its own school, for these figures are relevant to the exercise of planning deeper connections with young people and their families. It is also important to be aware of the educational retention rates of your young Catholic adults (aged 15-24).

Has anything changed in these areas over the last five years?

Why do you think this is so?

How does your parish compare to the rest of the diocese?

Catholics aged 15+ with bachelor degree or higher qualification (%) 12.7 10.6 27.4 24.6 4 5 Catholics attending an educational institution (% of all Catholics in each age group) 89.7 83.3 94.4 94.9 4 5 Aged 15-17 89.7 83.3 94.4 94.9 4 5 Aged 18-19 54.4 54.7 65.8 67.2 4 4 Aged 20-24 20.7 16.1 44.2 43.4 5 55 Catholic primary students attending Catholic schools (%) 43.7 42.5 56.5 55.5 4 4 Catholic primary students attending Government schools (%) 55.1 57.5 38.5 38.4 2 1 Catholic secondary students attending Catholic schools (%) 35.2 31.9 54.6 55.3 4 5 Catholic secondary students attending Government schools (%) 62.2 66.5 36.6 33.4 1 1 Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic ² (%) 35.3 24.4 41.2 36.6 4 3 Secondary s	Table 5: Education ¹	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
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Aged 20-2420.716.144.243.455Catholic primary students attending Catholic schools (%)43.742.556.555.544Catholic primary students attending Government schools (%)55.157.538.538.421Catholic secondary students attending Catholic schools (%)35.231.954.655.345Catholic secondary students attending Government schools (%)62.266.536.633.411Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic ² (%)35.324.441.236.643Secondary students attending Catholic schools41.432.646.241.343	Aged 15-17	89.7	83.3	94.4	94.9	4	5
Catholic primary students attending Catholic schools (%)43.742.556.555.544Catholic primary students attending Government schools (%)55.157.538.538.421Catholic secondary students attending Catholic schools (%)35.231.954.655.345Catholic secondary students attending Government schools (%)62.266.536.633.411Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic ² (%)35.324.441.236.643Secondary students attending Catholic schools41.432.646.241.343	Aged 18-19	54.4	54.7	65.8	67.2	4	4
attending Catholic schools (%)43.742.556.555.544Catholic primary students attending Government schools (%)55.157.538.538.421Catholic secondary students attending Catholic schools (%)35.231.954.655.345Catholic secondary students attending Government schools (%)62.266.536.633.411Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic ² (%)35.324.441.236.643Secondary students attending Catholic schools41.432.646.241.343	Aged 20-24	20.7	16.1	44.2	43.4	5	5
attending Government schools (%)55.157.538.538.421Catholic secondary students attending Catholic schools (%)35.231.954.655.345Catholic secondary students attending Government schools (%)62.266.536.633.411Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic² (%)35.324.441.236.643Secondary students attending Catholic schools41.432.646.241.343		43.7	42.5	56.5	55.5	4	4
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attending Government schools (%)62.266.536.633.411Primary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic² (%)35.324.441.236.643Secondary students attending Catholic schools41.432.646.241.343		35.2	31.9	54.6	55.3	4	5
who are not Catholic ² (%) 35.3 24.4 41.2 36.6 4 3 Secondary students attending Catholic schools 41.4 32.6 46.2 41.3 4 3	•	62.2	66.5	36.6	33.4	1	1
$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} $		35.3	24.4	41.2	36.6	4	3
	Secondary students attending Catholic schools who are not Catholic ² (%)	41.4	32.6	46.2	41.3	4	3

Notes:

1. The data in this table relates to the students who live in your parish and not necessarily to the schools in your parish. Students may be attending schools outside your parish.

2. 'Students ... who are not Catholic' includes a small proportion whose religion was not stated in the Census. Some of these may be Catholic.



Tables 6, 7 and 8: Marital Status, Families and Households (for more details see pages 13-16).

In 2021, 84 per cent of Australia's Catholics lived in a family setting, with a further ten per cent living alone. The most common type of Catholic family was a couple family with children (44 per cent of all families where at least one person was a Catholic), followed by couple families without children (38%) and one-parent families (parent Catholic, 11%).

What areas below show significant change over the last five years? What might this mean?

In what areas is the parish quite distinctive compared to the rest of the diocese? The rest of Australia?

What possible opportunities or concerns for the parish do you see here?

Table 6: Marital Status of Catholics aged 15+	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Never married (%)	34.6	33.4	32.4	32.9	1	2
Married (%)	47.4	49.1	50.2	49.3	4	4
Divorced or Separated (%)	11.0	10.1	11.4	11.7	3	3
Widowed (%)	7.0	7.5	6.0	6.1	3	2

Table 7: Families ¹ in which at least one person is Catholic	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Families	888	951	60,866	1,995,658	3	4
One-parent families	81	101	6,198	225,180	3	4
One-parent families (% of all families)	9.1	10.6	10.2	11.3	3	4
Couples of mixed religions ² (%)	66.4	66.6	62.3	58.1	3	2
De facto couples ³ (%)	20.6	19.3	18.1	17.7	1	2
Median annual family income ⁴ (\$)	103,556	90,624	137,084	120,943	4	4

Table 8: Households⁵ in which at least one person is Catholic	Parish 2021	Parish 2016	Diocese 2021	Australia 2021	Diocesan Group	Australian Group
Households	1,181	1,197	79,230	2,567,362	3	4
Persons living alone (aged under 35)	19	22	1,827	51,145	3	4
Persons living alone (aged 35+)	233	203	14,042	442,080	3	4
Persons living alone (total)	252	225	15,869	493,225	3	4
Persons living alone (% of all persons)	11.2	9.4	10.5	9.7	3	3
Dwellings owned or being purchased (%)	76.0	74.4	75.4	73.0	4	3
Median monthly housing loan repayment ⁶ (\$)	1,584	1,604	2,004	1,948	3	4

Notes:

2. Married or de facto couples where only one partner is Catholic as a percentage of all couples where at least one partner is Catholic.

3. De facto couples as a percentage of all married couples.

4. Fifty per cent of families have a higher income, fifty per cent a lower income. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over.

5. A household can consist of one or more families, non-family groups or persons living alone.

6. Fifty per cent of households with a housing loan pay a higher repayment, fifty per cent a lower figure.



Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

A family is defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household. Family members who live elsewhere are not included in the Census definition.

Parish Details

CONTENTS OF THE DETAILED PROFILE

Tables	Page
9: Religious affiliation by age	9
10: Age by sex	10
11a: Need for assistance with core activities by age	12
11b: Provision of unpaid assistance by age	12
12: Registered marital status by sex and age	13
13: Religious affiliation of couple by social marital status	13
14: Family composition by weekly family income	14
15: Weekly family income by number of dependent children	15
16: Social marital status by number of dependent children	15
17: Household composition by tenure type	16
18: Household composition by monthly housing loan repayment	16
19: Birthplace	17
20: Language spoken at home by religious affiliation	18
21: Language spoken at home by age	19
22: Type of educational institution attending by religious affiliation	20
23: Type of educational institution attending by weekly income of student's family	21
24: Highest qualification attained by age and sex	22
25: Labour force status by age and sex	23
26: Occupation by age and sex	24
27: Occupation of parents of students attending Catholic schools	25

Graphs

Graphs	Page
Religious affiliation	9
Age profile of the Catholic population, 2016 & 2021	11
Age-sex profile of the Catholic population, 2021	11
Core need for assistance and provision of unpaid assistance by age	12
Change of address since 2016 by marital status	13
Weekly family income	15
Top 5 birthplaces of Catholics born overseas	17
Top 5 birthplaces with highest proportions of recent arrivals	17
Language background of all students attending Catholic schools	20
Education participation rate	20
Type of school being attended by Catholic students	21
Labour force status by age	23
Occupation	25



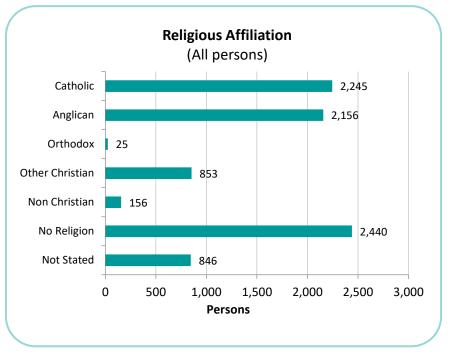
Religious Affiliation

The Census question about religion is optional, and just under seven per cent of people across Australia chose not to answer it. Note that the question is about religious identification rather than religious practice or belief. For the 2016 Census, the ABS moved the 'No Religion' response category to be the first response category in the religion question. Prior to 2016, it was the last response category.

How does the number of Catholics in the 0-9 age group compare with the number of children baptised in the parish in the period 2012-2021?

What are the largest non-Catholic religious groups? What involvement does the parish have in ecumenical and interfaith activities and programs?

What challenges to the parish are associated with the increase in the number of people who report that they have no religion?



Notes: No Religion also includes Secular Beliefs and Other Spiritual Beliefs and No Religious Affiliation

Not Stated also includes Inadequately Described.

Table 9: Religious affiliation by age	0-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	80+	Total
Western (Latin Rite) Catholic	298	361	189	250	242	303	289	202	111	2,245
Maronite Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melkite Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukrainian Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaldean Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Syro-Malabar Catholic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Catholic	298	361	189	250	242	303	289	202	111	2,245
Per cent Catholic										
(of total population in age group)	27.8	32.5	22.0	25.6	24.4	26.8	24.6	22.4	22.2	25.7
Anglican	139	190	146	174	235	340	368	359	205	2,156
Orthodox	3	-	-	-	6	7	6	3	-	25
Other Christian	70	61	51	87	95	110	186	116	77	853
Non-Christian	26	12	19	37	33	15	14	-	-	156
No Religion	442	381	381	331	299	236	199	136	35	2,440
Not Stated	93	106	74	98	83	121	114	84	73	846
Total Population	1,071	1,111	860	977	993	1,132	1,176	900	501	8,721

Note: Since the 1996 Census, following consultation with the Eastern Catholic Bishops, Eastern Catholics have been counted separately from Western (or Latin Rite) Catholics. Catholics belonging to the Chaldean, Maronite, Melkite, Syro-Malabar or Ukrainian Catholic Churches have been requested by their Bishops NOT to tick the box marked 'Catholic' on the Census form, but rather to write, for example, 'Maronite Catholic' in the space provided. Those Eastern Catholics who were unaware of this request and who ticked the 'Catholic' box are counted as Western Catholics.



Age and Sex

Age by sex2021202120212016Age (years)410141911010203625101533313274037415203543510142438624194333717193646815173237928164438109192848112514394412181836491319173635142318413715172138281612223433192414381820-2451419226625-29465610211430-34614810915535-39648114511740-44615511614845-49616312414150-54527512716955-59928918115960-64718715813865-695875133117	Table 10:	Males	Females	Total	Total
Age (years) 4 10 14 19 1 10 10 20 36 2 5 10 15 33 3 13 27 40 37 4 15 20 35 43 5 10 14 24 38 6 24 19 43 33 7 17 19 36 46 8 15 17 32 37 9 28 16 44 38 10 9 19 28 48 11 25 14 39 44 12 18 18 36 49 13 19 17 36 35 14 23 18 41 37 15 17 21 38 28 16 12 22 34 37 17<	Age by sex				
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65-69 58 75 133 117					138
		58	75		
70-74 52 68 120 93	70-74	52	68	120	93
75-79 37 47 84 69	75-79	37	47		69
80+ 55 61 116 109		55	61		
Total 1,074 1,199 2,273 2,373				2,273	

NOTE REGARDING THE RANDOMISATION OF CENSUS DATA:

The Catholic population of the parish may be slightly different in different tables in this profile as a result of the randomisation procedure used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics in carrying out its statutory obligation to protect the confidentiality of individuals. This variation in figures does not impair the value of Census data as the Census is intended to be an instrument that paints a broad picture rather than a precise measurement of a particular locality. Care should be taken in interpreting small counts in tables. Note that figures below three are not reported.

The table on this page shows the number of Catholics in this parish in 2021, by age and sex, and compares the total number of Catholics in each age group with the figure in 2016.

In 1996, the median age of Catholics in Australia was 33 years; by 2021, this had risen to 43 years.

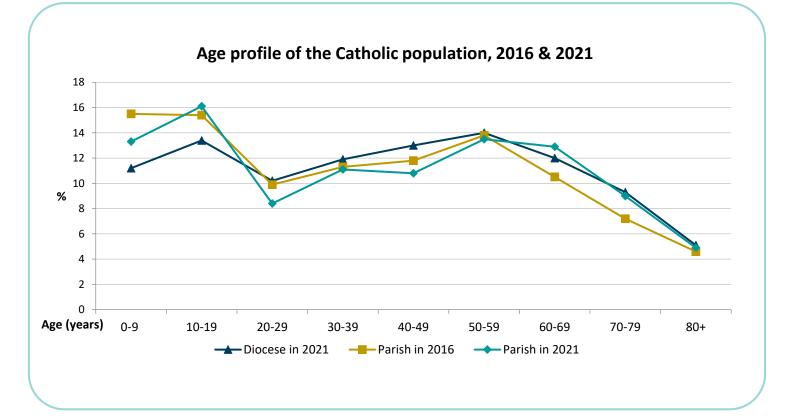
The age profile of parishioners is important information for parishes to take into account as it plans its activities. It is also important to keep an eye on how the age profile is changing over time—is the parish becoming older, younger or staying about the same? Each of these possibilities may require different pastoral responses.

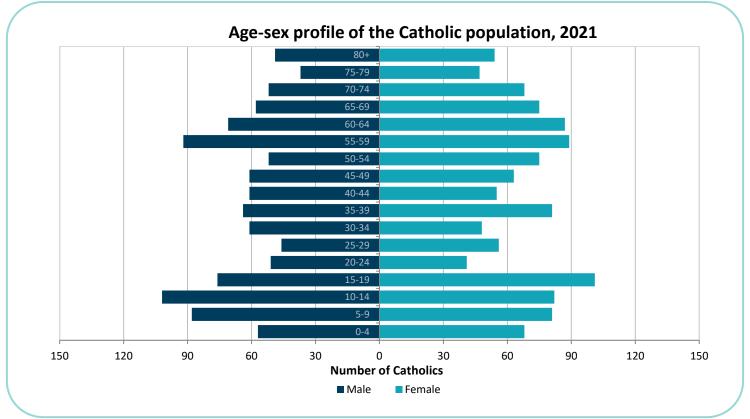
In 2021, among Australian Catholics as a whole, 53 per cent were female and 47 per cent were male. But it is not always like this. Among Catholics aged under 20, males slightly outnumbered females, whereas females accounted for 58 per cent of Catholics aged 75 or more. There are also local factors, such as the presence of particular industries or the different rates of movement to the cities by young men and women, that can affect the proportion of men and women in the Catholic population of the parish. These variations also raise pastoral issues.

Take time to study the table. Are there any surprises in it? Is there anything that calls for a new or modified response from the parish? What are the major changes since 2016? Can you get a sense from the table of what the parish age profile might look like in 2026, the year of the next Census?



Age and Sex





Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858 National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



The 2006 Census was the first to include the variable Core Activity Need for Assistance. The variable was developed to measure the number of people living with a profound or severe disability. The ABS defines this population as: "those people needing help or assistance in one or more of the three core activity areas of self-care, mobility and communication, because of a long-term health condition (lasting six months or more), a disability (lasting six months or more), or old age".¹ Most people who need assistance with core activities live either in a family or in a place such as a nursing home, where the care they need is provided. But many live alone. Often people with a disability report have fewer opportunities for social interaction.²

How many Catholics in your parish require assistance with core activities? How many of these live alone? How many are in the younger age groups? How many of your parishioners provide unpaid assistance to people living with a disability?

How might the parish respond pastorally to this information?

Table 11a: Need for assistance with core activities by age	0-14	15-44	45-64	65-74	75-84	85 and over	Total		
Catholics who have need for assistance with core activities									
Family members:									
Males	9	10	10	11	10	-	50		
Females	3	10	6	13	4	8	44		
Lone Persons:									
Males	-	-	-	-	3	-	3		
Females	-	-	9	8	6	4	27		
Other non-family members or pers	ons not prese	nt in a housel	hold on Censu	Is night ³					
Males	-	-	-	4	-	-	4		
Females	-	-	3	4	-	9	16		
Total									
Males	9	10	10	15	13	-	57		
Females	3	10	18	25	10	21	87		
Table 11b: Provision of unpaid	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and	Total		
assistance by age						over			
Catholics who provide unpaid assistance to a person with a disability ⁴									
Males	6	9	7	18	19	25	84		
Females	10	6	24	24	43	35	142		

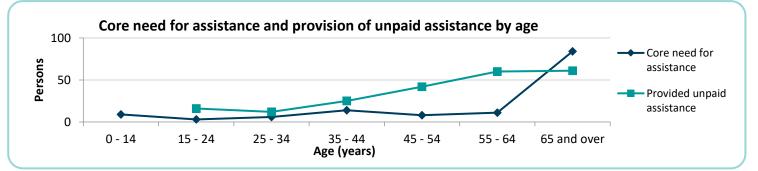
Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2021. Census of Population and Housing: Census Dictionary.

2. Australian Institute of Health and Welfare 2022. People with disability in Australia /Social Inclusion. https://www.aihw.gov.au

3. Among people aged 75 and over, being in hospital or a nursing home is a major reason for not being in a household on Census night.

4. The Census question asked whether the respondent had provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability in the two weeks prior to the Census. The question is not applicable to persons aged 0-14.



Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



Marital Status

The marital status patterns of Australian Catholics have changed noticeably over the last two decades. At the time of the 1991 Census, 31 per cent of Australian Catholics aged 15 and over had never been married, 55 per cent were married, seven per cent were separated or divorced and six per cent were widowed. By the 2021 Census, these figures were respectively 33 per cent, 49 per cent, 12 per cent and six per cent. Since 1991, there has been a decline in the percentage of married Catholics and a rise in the percentage of those never married and those separated or divorced.

How might changes in marital status patterns affect the life of the Church in this parish? Do they result in the need for new pastoral services and programs?

The graph below shows, for each marital status, the percentage of Catholic men and women aged 15 years and older who lived in the parish at the time of the 2021 Census and who had changed address in the previous five years. Across Australia in 2021, 35 per cent of Catholics aged 15 and over had changed address since the previous Census.

Table 12: Registered marital status by sex and age	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15 and over								
Males								
Never married	125	61	42	35	34	9	6	312
Married	-	41	63	65	95	69	57	390
Separated or Divorced	-	4	14	14	38	20	13	103
Widowed	-	-	-	-	-	14	14	28
Total	125	106	119	114	167	112	90	833
Females								
Never married	140	52	41	35	11	10	6	295
Married	-	45	78	77	115	79	37	431
Separated or Divorced	-	7	12	18	40	21	4	102
Widowed	-	-	-	6	6	32	54	98
Total	140	104	131	136	172	142	101	926

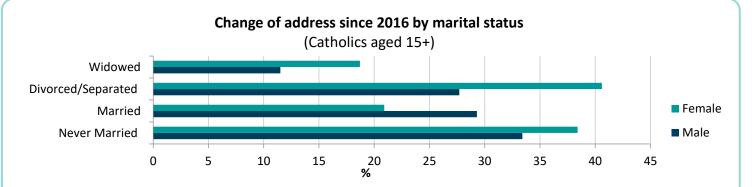


Table 13: Religious affiliation of couple by social marital status	In a registered marriage	In a de facto marriage	Total couples	% couples in de facto marriages
Both persons Catholic	170	43	213	20.2
One person Catholic, the other non-Catholic Christian	302	57	359	15.9
One Catholic, the other not Christian, not stated or temporarily absent	117	53	170	31.2
Total	589	153	742	20.6



Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



Families

The table on this page shows family composition by weekly family income, with the median weekly family income for each type of family shown in the last column. Couple families are divided into three categories: both partners Catholic, Catholics with non-Catholic Christian partners, and Catholics with partners identifying with other religious traditions or none. The table includes partners in registered and de facto marriages.

Couples without children include those who have never had children as well as those whose children no longer live at home.

Take time to study the table. Does it suggest that Catholic families in the parish are mostly well off, OK or struggling financially?

How do the incomes of families with children living at home compare with those with no children living at home? How well does the parish connect with one-parent families? Note that the income of one-parent families is likely to be much lower than that of two-parent families.

Are families with both parents Catholic a majority or a minority of Catholic families in your parish? What implications might this have for the way the parish connects to families?

Table 14: Family composition ¹ by weekly family income	Less than \$500	\$500 - \$799	\$800 - \$1,249	\$1,250 - \$1,999	\$2,000 - \$2,999	\$3,000 - \$3,999	\$4,000 or more	Income not fully stated	Total families	Median Weekly Family Income ² (\$)
Two-parent families with children at home:										
Both parents Catholic	-	-	4	21	31	29	12	16	113	2,758
One parent Catholic, the other Christian, but not Catholic	-	-	11	24	46	34	28	9	152	2,793
One parent Catholic, the other Non-Christian, No Religion or Not stated	-	-	7	15	37	12	11	9	91	2,513
Couple with no children living at ho	me:									
Both partners Catholic	4	26	21	20	23	8	6	5	113	1,362
One partner Catholic, the other Christian, but not Catholic	24	27	29	41	36	21	12	13	203	1,524
One partner Catholic, the other Non-Christian, No Religion or Not stated	-	4	7	10	11	11	4	4	51	2,227
One-parent families: Parent is Catholic	12	13	25	17	8	-	-	6	81	1,025
Other families where at least one person is Catholic	4	8	10	16	10	4	-	7	59	1,437
Other: Reference person Catholic but spouse temporarily absent ³	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	25	-
Total	44	78	114	164	202	119	73	94	888	1,986

Notes:

1. A family is defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as two or more persons, one of whom is at least 15 years of age, who are related by blood, marriage (registered or de facto), adoption, step or fostering, and who are usually resident in the same household. Family members who live elsewhere are not included in the Census definition. For Census purposes, a Catholic family is defined as a family in which at least one person is Catholic.

2. Median weekly family income: fifty percent of families have a higher income, fifty percent a lower income. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over.

3. The religious affiliation of a temporarily absent spouse is not recorded, hence families in this category could belong to any one of the first six categories above.



Families

Table 15: Weekly family income by number of dependent children	0 dependent children	1 dependent child	2 dependent children	3 dependent children	4 or more	Total
Less than \$500	36	4	6	-	-	46
\$500-\$799	57	4	6	-	-	67
\$800-\$1,249	76	16	10	8	-	110
\$1,250-\$1,999	95	22	41	16	-	174
\$2,000-\$2,999	96	25	38	22	4	185
\$3,000-\$3,999	52	16	31	9	-	108
\$4,000 or more	53	5	16	12	4	90
Income not fully stated	51	17	8	8	-	84
Total Families	516	109	156	75	8	864
Median Weekly Family Income (\$)	1,751	2,000	2,289	2,431	4,000	1,986

Note: Table population is Catholic families. Dependent children include all children aged 0-14 and dependent students aged 15-24. Some figures may differ from figures in other similar tables (i.e. Table 14) due to the randomisation process used by the ABS – see note at the bottom of page 10.

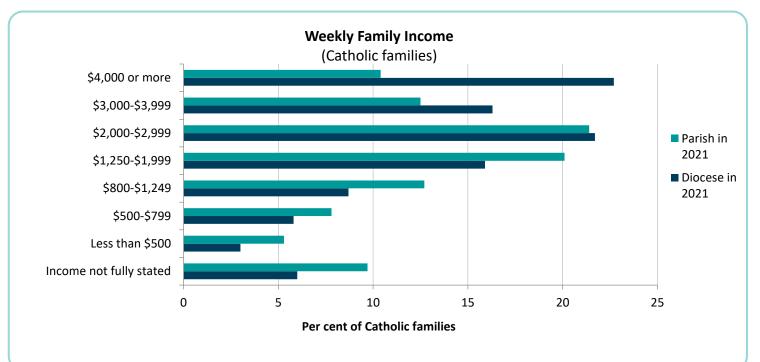


Table 16: Social marital status by number of dependent children	0 dependent children	1 dependent child	2 dependent children	3 dependent children	4 or more	Total
Family Composition:						
Married couple family (at least one partner Catholic)	362	57	108	55	17	599
De facto couple family (at least one partner Catholic)	88	24	25	21	9	167
One parent family, parent Catholic	37	31	20	7	-	95
Other families where at least one person is Catholic	16	11	20	5	-	52
Total families	503	123	173	88	26	913

Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

Households



The Australian Bureau of Statistics defines a household as one or more persons, at least one of whom is at least 15 years of age, usually resident in the same private dwelling.¹ Non-private dwellings such as motels, guest houses, prisons, religious institutions and nursing homes are not included in household statistics. A household can consist of one or more families, non-family groups or persons living alone.

The figures on this page refer to households in which at least one person is Catholic.²

There were 9,808,428 households in Australia in 2021. At least one Catholic person lived in 2,567,352 households, or 26 per cent of all households. Seventy-seven per cent of these Catholic households were family households and, of the Catholic family households, 77 per cent were occupied dwellings that were owned or being purchased.

What is the current housing situation in this parish? For example, is there a sufficient stock of rental properties available? Are there areas with large numbers of new houses? Are families under stress to pay rent or meet mortgage repayments? What aspects of the parish's pastoral strategies relate to housing issues?

Table 17: Household composition by tenure type	Fully owned or being purchased	Rented from State or Territory Housing Authority	Rented from other landlord, or landlord not stated	Other households	Total households	Per cent owned or being purchased
Family households	727	27	144	12	910	79.9
Lone person aged under 35 years	5 11	-	8	-	19	57.9
Lone person aged 35 years or ove	er 150	16	57	10	233	64.4
Group households	9	-	10	-	19	47.4
Total households	897	43	219	22	1,181	76.0

Table 18: Household composition by monthly housing loan repayment	\$1-\$599	\$600- \$999	\$1,000- 1,599	\$1,600- \$2,199	\$2,200- \$2,799	\$2,800 or more	Median monthly household loan repayment (\$)
Family households	18	39	115	119	39	31	1,642
Lone person aged under 35 years	-	-	7	4	-	-	1,471
Lone person aged 35 years or over	3	5	14	5	-	-	1,235
Group households	-	4	-	-	-	-	800
Total households	21	48	136	128	39	31	1,584

Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2021. Census of Population and Housing: Census Dictionary.

2. For Census purposes, a Catholic household is any household in which at least one person is Catholic.



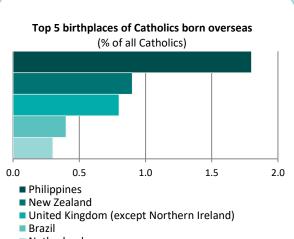
Birthplace

Catholics born overseas, especially those born in non-English-speaking countries, are likely to have different approaches to faith and spirituality, and different experiences and expectations of Church life, from those of Catholics born in Australia.

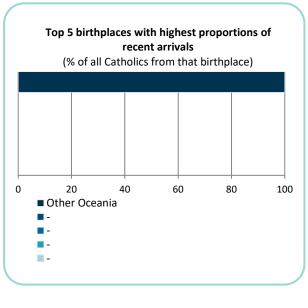
What are the major groups of overseas-born Catholics in your parish?

What difference does their presence make to the parish?

How might the parish better connect with those who have only recently arrived?



Netherlands



	All	% of	% recent			
	Catholics	Catholics	arrivals1			
Table 19: Birthplace						
Australia	2,062	92.5	-			
New Zealand	21	0.9	-			
Other Oceania	3	0.1	100.0			
United Kingdom (except Northern Ireland)	17	0.8	-			
Ireland (including Northern Ireland)	-	-	-			
Italy	-	-	-			
Malta	-	-	-			
Spain and Portugal	-	-	-			
France	-	-	-			
Netherlands	7	0.3	-			
Germany	5	0.2	-			
Austria	3	0.1	-			
Croatia and other Former Yugoslavia	3	0.1	-			
Poland	-	-	-			
Hungary	6	0.3	-			
Other Eastern Europe, Russian Federation and Baltic States	-	-	-			
Other Europe NEC	3	0.1	-			
Vietnam	3	0.1	-			
Philippines	40	1.8	-			
Indonesia	-	-	-			
Malaysia	-	-	-			
Singapore	-	-	-			
South East Asia NEC	-	-	-			
India	3	0.1	-			
Sri Lanka	-	-	-			
China (except Hong Kong and Taiwan)	-	-	-			
Hong Kong (SAR of China)	-	-	-			
Korea, Republic of (South)	-	-	-			
Egypt	-	-	-			
Lebanon	-	-	-			
Iraq	-	-	-			
Sudan (including South Sudan)	-	-	-			
Middle East and North Africa NEC	-	-	-			
South Africa	4	0.2	-			
Mauritius	-	-	-			
United States of America	-	-	-			
Canada	-	-	-			
Argentina	-	-	-			
Brazil	8	0.4	-			
Colombia	3	0.1	-			
Chile	-	-	-			
Central America and South America NEC	-	-	-			
Other countries	8	0.4	-			
Inadequately described/Not stated	31	1.4	-			
Total	2,230	100.0	0.5			

Notes:

1. % recent arrivals = the percentage of Catholics who were born in the named country and who arrived in Australia between 2018 and 2021 inclusive.

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified



Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



Language

In 2021, around 22 per cent of Australia's Catholics spoke a language other than English at home, and three per cent were not proficient in English. People who do not speak English well can face practical problems in education, employment and access to services. On the other hand, it is important to many people from a non-English-speaking background to maintain and promote, for reasons of cultural continuity and identity, the use of their home language.¹

How many Catholics in this parish speak a language other than English at home? How many have difficulty with English? Difficulty in speaking English can affect how well a person can participate in parish life.

Does this parish need to review the pastoral support it offers to parishioners who do not speak English well in relation to, for example, prayer and liturgy, inclusiveness in parish events, translation of written material, and access to priests and other pastoral ministers who speak their language?

Table 20: Language spoken at home by religious affiliation	Catholic	Not Catholic (or not stated)	All persons	% Catholics among speakers ²
English only	2,112	5,491	7,603	27.8
Italian	-	4	4	-
Maltese	-	-	-	-
Spanish	7	-	7	100.0
Croatian	4	-	4	100.0
Polish	-	-	-	-
Dutch	-	4	4	-
French	6	-	6	100.0
German	5	9	14	35.7
Portuguese	4	6	10	40.0
Hungarian	-	-	-	-
Ukrainian	-	-	-	-
Vietnamese	6	-	6	100.0
Filipino languages	34	13	47	72.3
Chinese languages	3	27	30	10.0
Malayalam	3	5	8	37.5
Sinhalese	-	5	5	-
Korean	-	3	3	-
Indonesian and Malay	-	-	-	-
Arabic	-	9	9	-
Assyrian and Chaldean	-	-	-	-
Oceanic and Papuan languages	4	12	16	25.0
Australian Indigenous languages	12	21	33	36.4
Other European languages NEC	6	99	105	5.7
Other Asian languages NEC	-	67	67	-
Other languages NEC	6	9	15	40.0
Inadequately described/Non-Verbal/Not stated	17	686	703	2.4
Total	2,229	6,470	8,699	25.6

Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.11.

2. The percentage of Catholics among the speakers of these languages in Australia.

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified



Language

Why does the proportion of people not speaking English well vary for different languages spoken at home? Part of the explanation lies in differences in average period of residence of the various language groups. Another factor is 'cultural distance': the more people from a particular culture share the customs, beliefs and lifestyles with the majority Australian culture, the easier it will be for them to overcome language barriers. A third factor is the size of the language group and the pattern of settlement. The concentration of large numbers of speakers in a region tends to reinforce the use of that language.¹

What are the most commonly spoken languages other than English among the Catholics of this parish? Are speakers of some languages more likely than others to have difficulty with English? Can you see the influence of the three factors outlined above reflected in the figures on this page?

Table 21: Language spoken at home by age	0-4	5-11	12-19	20-29	30-49	50-64	65 and over	Total	% who do not speak English well
English	119	237	281	178	447	439	415	2,116	-
Italian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maltese	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spanish	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	7	-
Croatian	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-
Polish	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dutch	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	-
German	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4	-
Portuguese	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-
Hungarian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukrainian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vietnamese	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-
Filipino languages	-	3	4	4	17	4	-	32	-
Chinese languages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malayalam	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-
Sinhalese	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Korean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Indonesian and Malay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arabic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assyrian and Chaldean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Oceanic and Papuan languages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Australian Indigenous Languages	-	3	-	-	6	6	3	18	-
Other European languages NEC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Asian languages NEC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other languages NEC	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	4	-
Inadequately described/Non-Verbal/ Not stated	-	-	-	-	3	4	6	13	-
Total	119	243	288	182	487	463	428	2,210	-

Notes:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.12-13.

NEC = Not Elsewhere Classified



Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

Attendance at Educational Institutions



According to the 2021 Census, more than 767,800 Australians attended Catholic schools, accounting for almost 21 per cent of all school students in Australia. In 2021, there were 847,500 Catholic students—almost one in six of all Catholics—attending Government, Catholic, and other non-Government schools. A further 326,700 Catholics were involved in some form of post-secondary education. The Church of today, not just of tomorrow, is being shaped by the attitudes, beliefs and lifestyles of these young people.

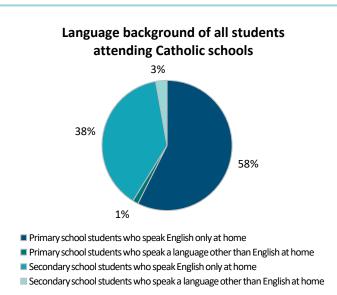
The pie-chart below shows the language background of all primary and secondary school students in your parish, both Catholic and non-Catholic, attending Catholic schools. Nationally, around 17 per cent of all students in Catholic schools speak a language other than English at home. The adjacent bar-chart shows the educational participation rate of Catholic males and females in each of the three age groups.

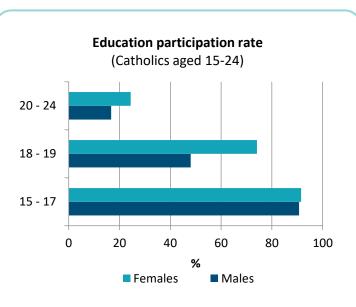
How does the parish connect with Catholic students at primary, secondary and tertiary levels, especially those not attending Catholic schools?

Table 22: Type of educational institution attending by religious affiliation	Catholic	Not Catholic or not stated	All persons	% Catholic
Infants/Primary – Government	136	409	545	25.0
Infants/Primary – Catholic	108	59	167	64.7
Infants/Primary – Other Non-Government	3	9	12	25.0
Secondary – Government	120	293	413	29.1
Secondary – Catholic	68	48	116	58.6
Secondary – Other Non-Government	5	6	11	45.5
Technical or Further Educational Institution (including TAFE Colleges)	64	146	210	30.5
University or other Tertiary Institutions	40	79	119	33.6
Other (including pre-school)	79	176	255	31.0
Not stated/Not applicable ¹	1,609	5,258	6,867	23.4
Total	2,232	6,483	8,715	25.6

Note:

1. This table includes the total population of the parish and so there are high numbers for categories where the question about type of educational institutions being attended is not applicable.





Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing



Attendance at Educational Institutions

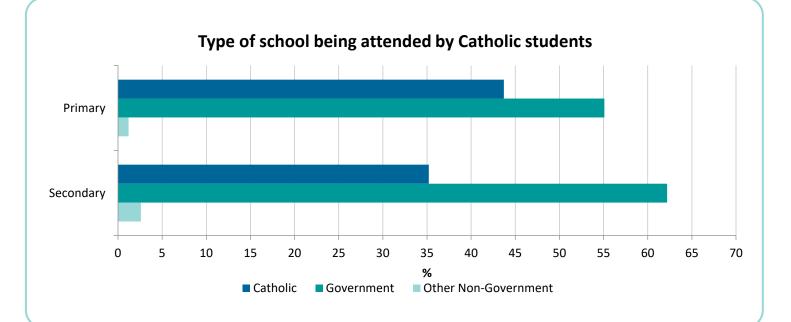
Table 23: Type of educationalinstitution attending by weeklyincome of student's family1	Less than \$500	\$500 - \$799	\$800 - \$1,249	\$1,250 - \$1,999	\$2,000 - \$2,999	\$3,000 - \$3,999	\$4,000 or more	Total ²	Median annual family income ³ (\$)
Infants/Primary - Government	4	14	13	19	40	24	10	136	119,929
Infants/Primary – Catholic	-	4	-	10	32	27	24	108	161,226
Infants/Primary – Other Non-Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secondary – Government	6	-	14	25	33	16	10	115	115,340
Secondary – Catholic	-	4	9	6	8	11	5	53	120,554
Secondary – Other Non-Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	234,643
TAFE, University or other tertiary institution	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	9	182,500
Other (including pre-school)	-	-	-	8	4	-	7	19	123,839
Not stated/Not applicable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	10	22	36	68	117	87	59	443	132,547

Notes:

1. Because the population of this table is dependent children aged 5-14 and dependent students aged 15-24, the figures in the table refer to individuals, not families. The table shows, for example, the number of Catholic students attending Catholic primary schools whose families have a weekly income in the range \$1,250-\$1,999. A brother and sister at the same school would account for TWO of the cases in this category.

2. A column of figures for "Family income not fully stated, or not stated at all" has been omitted from the table, but the missing figures are included in the Total column.

3. Family income is the sum of the incomes of all family members aged 15 and over (refer to the definition of family on page 7).



Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858

National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference

Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

Educational Qualifications

Both the percentage of Catholics with university degrees and the gender balance of Catholics with degrees have changed dramatically in recent decades due to the upsurge in young people, especially women, undertaking tertiary study and the upgrading of courses such as nursing to degree status. In 1991, less than seven per cent of Australian Catholics aged 15 or over had a degree; by 2021, that figure had reached 25 per cent. Among Catholics aged 15 to 34 years in 2021, 30 per cent of women had a degree compared to 19 per cent of men. In contrast, among Catholics aged 55 and over, just under 17 per cent of both men and women had degrees.

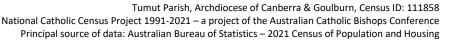
To what extent has participation in higher education in theology and related fields kept pace in this parish with participation in higher education in general? What new challenges and opportunities are presented to the parish as a result of the increase in the number of Catholics with a university education?

The increased level of participation in higher education by women is a reflection of significant changes in women's roles and responsibilities in society.¹ How have women's roles and responsibilities in the parish changed in the last two decades?

Table 24: Highest qualification attained by age and sex	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15+							
Males							
Postgraduate degree	-	3	-	-	-	3	6
Graduate diploma / bachelor degree	4	10	15	17	11	14	71
Advanced diploma or diploma level	-	-	5	4	10	9	28
Certificate level	31	56	60	50	76	45	318
Inadequately described/Not stated/Not applicable	88	29	43	42	76	127	405
Total	123	98	123	113	173	198	828
Per cent with degree or higher	3.3	13.3	12.2	15.0	6.4	8.6	9.3
Females							
Postgraduate degree	-	-	3	3	6	-	12
Graduate diploma / bachelor degree	4	33	31	26	27	15	136
Advanced diploma or diploma level	8	14	17	19	20	25	103
Certificate level	17	24	45	35	46	30	197
Inadequately described/Not stated/Not applicable	118	30	34	58	79	174	493
Total	147	101	130	141	178	244	941
Per cent with degree or higher	2.7	32.7	26.2	20.6	18.5	6.1	15.7
All Catholics							
Postgraduate degree	-	3	3	3	6	3	18
Graduate diploma / bachelor degree	8	43	46	43	38	29	207
Advanced diploma or diploma level	8	14	22	23	30	34	131
Certificate level	48	80	105	85	122	75	515
Inadequately described/Not stated/Not applicable	206	59	77	100	155	301	898
Total	270	199	253	254	351	442	1,769
Per cent with degree or higher	3.0	23.1	19.4	18.1	12.5	7.2	12.7

Note:

1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 1999. Australian Social Trends 1999. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.83.

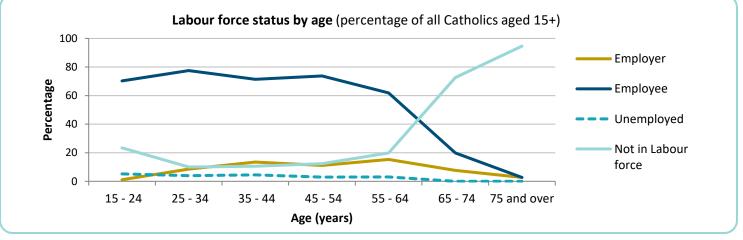


Employment

In recent years there have been many changes in society and the workplace that have affected Australian workers. One major change has been the increase in the percentages of workers, especially young people and women, in part-time jobs. Another has been the rise in participation in the labour force by women. A third major change has been the rise in participation in the labour force by women. A third major change has been the rise in participation in the labour force by women. A third major change has been the rise in participation in the labour force by older workers, following the removal of incentives to early retirement and resulting in the continuing availability of their skills, experience and maturity in the workplace.¹ Changes in labour force participation also influence the availability and size of the volunteer workforce, and can both reduce and change the pattern of workers' leisure time.

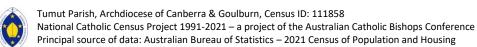
Have any of the changes described above had a noticeable impact on Catholic life in this parish?

able 25: Labour force status by age nd sex	15-24	25-44	45-64	65 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15+					
Males					
Employer	3	36	49	11	99
Employee	82	163	179	29	453
Unemployed	11	9	9	-	29
Not in the labour force	24	14	42	152	232
Other/Not stated/Not applicable	-	-	9	5	14
Total	120	222	288	197	827
Per cent in labour force ²	80.0	93.7	82.3	20.3	70.3
Per cent unemployed ³	11.5	4.3	3.8	-	5.0
Females					
Employer	-	22	31	7	60
Employee	101	167	212	27	507
Unemployed	6	4	10	-	20
Not in the labour force	36	37	58	203	334
Other/Not stated/Not applicable	-	4	-	7	11
Total	143	234	311	244	932
Per cent in labour force ²	74.8	82.5	81.4	13.9	63.0
Per cent unemployed ³	5.6	2.1	4.0	-	3.4



Notes:

- 1. Australian Bureau of Statistics 2004. Australian Social Trends 2004. Catalogue No. 4102.0, p.115.
- 2. The percentage of Catholics in each age group who are in the labour force (i.e. employed or seeking employment).
- 3. The percentage of Catholics in each age group who were in the labour force and were unemployed at the time of the Census.





Catholic women are more likely to be employed as managers or professionals; 39 per cent of Catholic women and 35 per cent of Catholic men aged 15 and over who reported their occupation in the 2021 Census worked as managers or professionals. But men were much more likely than women—45 per cent compared to 12 per cent—to have a 'blue collar' occupation. The largest occupational category for Catholic men in Australia is Technicians and Trades Workers. For women, it is Professionals.

Table 26: Occupation by age and sex	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and over	Total
Catholics aged 15+							
Males							
Managers	4	8	22	19	21	16	90
Professionals	-	8	6	9	12	5	40
Technicians & Trade Workers	36	34	28	22	28	7	155
Community & Personal Service Workers	9	6	6	6	5	-	32
Clerical & Administrative Workers	3	-	4	3	8	-	18
Sales Workers	9	3	6	4	5	-	27
Machinery operators & Drivers	6	12	17	18	29	8	90
Labourers	17	16	18	8	21	-	80
ID / NS / NA ¹	38	11	14	24	36	158	281
Total	122	98	121	113	165	194	813
Per cent Managers & Professionals ²	4.8	18.4	26.2	31.5	25.6	58.3	24.4
Per cent 'blue collar workers' ²	70.2	71.3	58.9	53.9	60.5	41.7	61.1
Females							
Managers	-	7	9	16	14	13	59
Professionals	6	25	22	26	21	5	105
Technicians & Trade Workers	5	4	-	3	-	-	12
Community & Personal Service Workers	37	23	28	20	21	6	135
Clerical & Administrative Workers	8	10	21	23	36	4	102
Sales Workers	24	4	14	14	12	3	71
Machinery operators & Drivers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Labourers	21	5	9	11	11	4	61
ID / NS / NA ¹	43	19	29	24	52	210	377
Total	144	97	132	137	167	245	922
Per cent Managers & Professionals ²	5.9	41.0	30.1	37.2	30.4	51.4	30.1
Per cent 'blue collar workers' ²	25.7	11.5	8.7	12.4	9.6	11.4	13.4
All Catholics	-	-	_				_
Managers	4	15	31	35	35	29	149
Professionals	6	33	28	35	33	10	145
Technicians & Trade Workers	41	38	28	25	28	7	167
Community & Personal Service Workers	46	29	34	26	26	6	167
Clerical & Administrative Workers	11	10	25	26	44	4	120
Sales Workers	33		20	18	17	3	98
Machinery operators & Drivers	6	12	17	18	29	8	90
Labourers	38	21	27	19	32	4	141
ID / NS / NA ¹	81	30	43	48	88	368	658
Total	266	195	253	250	332	439	1,735
Per cent Managers & Professionals ²	5.4	29.1	28.1	34.7	27.9	54.9	27.3
Per cent 'blue collar workers' ²	45.9	43.0	34.3	30.7	36.5	26.8	37.0

Notes:

1. ID = Inadequately described; NS = Not stated; NA = Not applicable.

2. See Notes 1 and 2 on page 5 for the type of occupations covered by the terms 'Managers & Professionals' and 'blue collar'.



Tumut Parish, Archdiocese of Canberra & Goulburn, Census ID: 111858 National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021 – a project of the Australian Catholic Bishops Conference Principal source of data: Australian Bureau of Statistics – 2021 Census of Population and Housing

Occupation



Occupation, like qualifications, is an indicator of socioeconomic status. It can also indicate the types of skills and interests that parishioners have.

What are the major occupations for male and female Catholics in this parish? What do you think accounts for differences in occupation between the sexes?

What are the major occupations of younger people? Middle-aged people? Older people? What do you think accounts for differences in occupation between the different age groups?

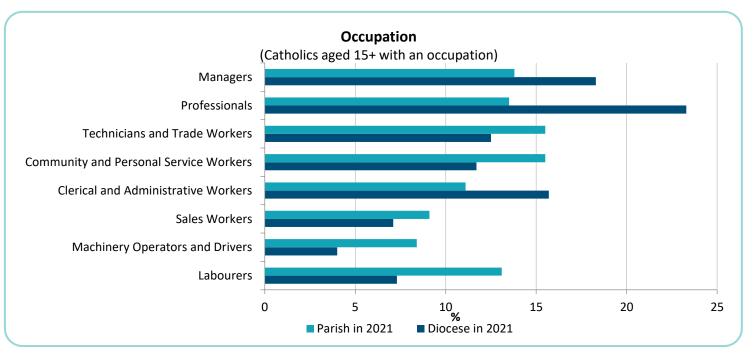
Are there any figures that strike you as being unexpectedly large or small? How can this information help the parish connect more effectively with parishioners?

Table 27: Occupation of parents of students attending Catholic schools	Primary School (%)	Secondary School (%)
Both parents in professional occupation	4	-
One parent or lone parent in professional occupation	47	28
Both parents in 'white collar' occupation ¹	29	18
One parent or lone parent in 'white collar' occupation	61	34
Both parents in 'blue collar' occupation ²	10	-
One parent or lone parent in 'blue collar' occupation	4	10
Not applicable and not stated	17	29
Total	172	119
% with professional parent(s)	29.7	23.5
% with blue collar parent(s)	8.1	8.4

Note:

1. 'White collar' includes occupations such as managers, community and personal service workers, clerical and administrative workers and sales workers.

2. See Note 2 on page 5 for the type of occupations covered by the term 'blue collar'.





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Visit the website to obtain:

- Social Profiles for any diocese or parish in Australia
- A Social Profile for the Catholic population of Australia
- Helpful hints on using the Census data
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This profile has been created by the staff of the ACBC National Centre for Pastoral Research as part of the National Catholic Census Project 1991-2021.

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